

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
Welcome!			
be (v) ***	/bi:/, bi/	sein	We're very pleased to be here!
boy (n) ***	/bɔɪ/	Junge	The boy in the orange T-shirt is my brother.
eight	/eɪt/	Acht	
eighteen	/eɪ'ti:n/	Achtzehn	
eleven	/'elɪvə(n)/	Elf	
England	/'ɪŋglənd/	England	Emily and Adam are from England .
exchange (n) ***	/ɪks'tʃeɪndʒ/	Austausch	Pierre is an exchange student from Switzerland.
famous (adj) ***	/'fēməs/	berühmt	The Colosseum is a famous building in Rome.
fifteen	/fɪf'ti:n/	Fünfzehn	
five	/faw/	Fünf	
for (prep) ***	/fɔ:/, fə/	für	The students are in England for ten days.
four	/fɔ:/	Vier	
fourteen	/fɔ:tɪ:n/	Vierzehn	
girl (n) ***	/gɜ:l/	Mädchen	The names of the girls are Katya and Teresa.
in (prep) ***	/ɪn/	in	The Aya Sofya is in Istanbul.
information (n) ***	/,ɪnfə'meɪʃ(ə)n/	Information	The information on the website is good.
international (adj) ***	/,ɪntə'næʃ(ə)nəl/	international	<i>Taxi</i> is an international word.
listen (v) ***	/'lɪs(ə)n/	hören	Listen , everyone! Lunch is at half past twelve.
Mr ***	/'mɪstə/	Herr	Mr Ward is a teacher.
name (n) ***	/neɪm/	Name	Hi! My name is Katya.
new (adj) ***	/nju:/	neu	Here are your new English friends, Emily and Adam.
nice (adj) ***	/naɪs/	nett	It's nice to meet you.
nine	/naɪn/	Neun	
nineteen	/naɪn'ti:n/	Neunzehn	
oh	/əʊ/	Null	
one ***	/wʌn/	Eins	
person (pl people) (n) ***	/'pɜ:s(ə)n/	Person(en)	The person in the photograph is his girlfriend.
phone number (n) *	/fənə,nʌmbə/	Telefonnummer	My phone number is 291347
pleased (adj) **	/pli:zd/	erfreut	We're very pleased to be here.
road (n) ***	/rəʊd/	Strasse	My address is 14 Park Road .
Russia	/'rʊsə/	Russland	The capital of Russia is Moscow.
school (n) ***	/sku:l/	Schule	The school visit is at 1.55.
seven	/'sev(ə)n/	Sieben	
seventeen	/,sev(ə)n'ti:n/	Siebzehn	
six	/sɪks/	Sechs	
sixteen	/,sɪks'ti:n/	Sechszehn	
Spain	/sپən/	Spanien	I'm Teresa and I'm from Valencia in Spain .
street (n) ***	/stri:t/	Strasse	Adam's address is 8 Hill Street , Lewes
student (n) ***	/'stju:d(ə)nt/	hier: Schüler	The students are in the Royal Pavilion.
Switzerland	/'swɪtslənd/	Schweiz	The capital of Switzerland is Bern.
teacher (n) ***	/'tɪ:tʃə/	Lehrer/in	Mr Ward is a teacher .
ten	/ten/	Zehn	
the USA (United States of America)	/ðə ju:es'ei/	die USA/Amerika	Washington D.C. is the capital of the USA .
thirteen	/,θɜ:z'ti:n/	Dreizehn	
three	/θri:/	Drei	
twelve	/twelv/	Zwölf	
twenty	/'twentɪ/	Zwanzig	
two ***	/tu:/	Zwei	
welcome (n) **	/'welkəm/	Willkommen	The welcome party is at 7.15.
zero **	/'zɪərəʊ/	Null	
UNIT 1 NICE TO MEET YOU			
Lesson 1 - That's a great bag! (pages 12-13)			
alarm clock (n) **	/ə'lɑ:m ,klɒk/	Wecker	My alarm clock says it's half past eleven.
bag (n) ***	/bæg/	Tasche	That's a great bag !
bicycle (n) **	/'baɪsɪk(ə)l/	Fahrrad	My bicycle is a present from my parents.
bottle of water (n)	/,bɒtl əv 'wɔ:tə/	Wasserflasche	There is a bottle of water in my bag.
boyfriend (n) **	/'bɔ:frɛnd/	Freund	Is this a photograph of your boyfriend ?
calculator (n) *	/kælkjʊleɪtə/	Rechner	Do you have a calculator in your bag?
cat (n) ***	/kæt/	Katze	My cat is called Suzi.
check (v) ***	/tʃek/	prüfen	What time is lunch? Check the programme.
clock (n) **	/klɒk/	Uhr	The clock says quarter past ten.
comb (n) *	/kəʊm/	Kamm	I have a pink comb in my bag.

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
digital camera (n)	/dɪ'dʒɪtl 'kæmrə/	Digitalkamera	My digital camera is a present from my grandparents.
family (n) ***	/'fæm(ə)li/	Familie	This is a photo of my family .
favourite (adj) **	/'færɪv(ə)rat/	lieblings(-)	Rihanna is my favourite singer.
girlfriend (n) **	/'gɜ:l,frend/	Freundin	She's not his girlfriend , she's his sister.
great (adj) ***	/greɪt/	grossartig	I'm from Moscow. It's a great place!
guess (v) ***	/ges/	raten	A What else is in your bag? Guess!
How do you spell it?	/hau du ju 'spel it/	Wie buchstabiert man das?	A My surname is Navarro. B How do you spell it?
I see.	/aɪ 'sɪ:/	Aha.	A Campbell. C-A-M-P-B-E-double L. B Oh, I see .
ID card (n)	/aɪdɪ: kɔ:ld/	Ausweis	I take my ID card with me everywhere.
It's called ...	/,ɪts 'kɔ:ld/	Es heißt...	A What's this in English? B It's called a <i>wallet</i> .
key (n) ***	/ki:/	Schlüssel	This key is for my bedroom door.
look (v) ***	/lʊk/	(an-)schauen	Look at all those bicycles!
mobile phone (n) **	/,məʊbaɪl 'fəʊn/	Handy	I have a new mobile phone ! It's great.
MP3 player (n)	/'empi: 'ɔ:rɪ: pleɪə/	MP3-Player	All my favourite songs are on my MP3 player .
now (adv) ***	/nau/	jetzt	It's twenty-five past twelve now .
OK (adj) ***	/,o:kər/	OK	The party is at quarter to seven tonight. OK ?
on (prep) ***	/,ɒn/	auf	Machu Picchu is on a mountain.
over there	/,əvər 'ðeə/	dort drüber	That's my rucksack over there .
packet of tissues (n)	/,pækɪt əv 'trɪs:z/	Papiertaschentuchpackung	Do you have a packet of tissues in your bag?
parent (n) ***	/'peərənt/	Eltern	My bicycle is a present from my parents .
passport (n) *	/'pɑ:spɔ:t/	Pass	Adam has a British passport .
pen (n) **	/pen/	Stift	My pen is quite old but I love it.
photo (n) **	/'fəʊtəʊ/	Foto	This is a photo of my family.
photograph (n) ***	/'fəʊtə,gra:f/	Fotografie	Is that a photograph of your boyfriend?
present (n) ***	/'prez(ə)nt/	Geschenk	My bicycle is a present from my parents.
right (adj) ***	/raɪt/	richtig	A Is your name Pierre? B Yes, that's right !
rucksack (n)	/'rʌk,sæk/	Rucksack	That's my rucksack over there.
song (n) ***	/sɔŋ/	Lied	All my favourite songs are on my MP3 player.
sorry (adj) ***	/'sɒri/	Entschuldigung	Sorry , I don't understand.
spell (v) **	/spel/	buchstabieren	How do you spell <i>bicycle</i> ?
surname (n) *	/'sɜ:n,neɪm/	Nachname/Familienname	My surname is Navarro.
thing (n) ***	/θɪŋ/	Sache	Are all your things in that bag?
ticket (n) ***	/'tɪkɪt/	Fahrkarte	I have two bus tickets .
turn (n) ***	/tɜ:n/	hier: Du bist dran!	It's your turn to ask a question.
umbrella (n) *	/'ʌm'brelə/	Schirm	It's raining! Do you have an umbrella ?
wallet (n)	/'wɔ:lit/	Portemonnaie	There's a photo of my family in my wallet .
What else?	/,wɔ:t 'els/	Was sonst?	What else is in your bag?
Lesson 2 - How old is it? (pages 14-15)			
a hundred **	/ə 'hʌndrəd/	Hundert	
a thousand **	/ə 'θaʊzənd/	Tausend	
address (n) ***	/'a:dres/	Adresse	My address is 14 Park Road.
at (prep) ***	/æt, ət/	um	The welcome lunch is at half past twelve.
at (prep) ***	/æt, ət/	bei	The students are at the Royal Pavilion.
beach (n) ***	/bi:tʃ/	Strand	
beautiful (adj) ***	/'bju:təf(ə)l/	schön	Wow! The Pavilion is beautiful .
bike ride (n)	/'bæk ,ræd/	Fahrradtour	It's the London to Brighton bike ride today.
building (n) ***	/'bɪldɪŋ/	Gebäude	The Taj Mahal is a famous building in India.
centre (n) ***	/'sentə/	Zentrum	The Colosseum is in the centre of Rome.
city (n) ***	/'stɪti/	Stadt	Beijing, Moscow and Berlin are all capital cities .
copy (n) ***	/'kɔ:pɪ/	Kopie	These are copies of the programme for today.
country (n) ***	/'kntri/	Land	China, Russia and Germany are all countries .
day (n) ***	/deɪ/	Tag	The students are in England for ten days .
disco (n) *	/dɪskəʊ/	Disco	The disco is at half past eight.
Egypt	/'i:dʒɪpt/	Ägypten	The temple is in Egypt , next to the River Nile.
eighty	/'eɪti/	Achtzig	
everyone (pron) ***	/'evri,wən/	zusammen	Hi everyone , I'm Katya Petrova.
Excuse me.	/rɪ'kskjuz: ,mi:/	Entschuldigen Sie mich.	Excuse me , Mr Ward, when's the welcome party?
fifty	/'fɪfti/	Fünfzig	
film (n) ***	/fɪlm/	Film	The film of Brighton is on at quarter past two.
forty	/'fɔ:ti/	Vierzig	
half past (adv)	/'hɑ:f ,pə:st/	halb	The disco is at half past eight.
here (adv) ***	/hɪə/	hier	Here 's a picture of Geneva - it's very beautiful.
India	/'ɪndiə/	Indien	The Taj Mahal is near Delhi, in India .

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
lunch (n) ***	/lʌntʃ/	Mittag(-essen)	Lunch is at 12.30.
map (n) ***	/mæp/	Karte	Here are maps of Brighton for our visitors.
mountain (n) ***	/maʊntɪn/	Berg	Machu Picchu is on a mountain in Peru.
near (prep) ***	/nɪə/	nah	The Taj Mahal is near Delhi.
next to (prep)	/'nekst ,tu:/	neben	The temple of Abu Simbel is next to the River Nile.
ninety	/'naɪnti/	Neunzig	
o'clock (adv) **	/ə'klok/	(um) Uhr	The tour of the city is at three o'clock.
old (adj) ***	/əuld/	alt	The Royal Pavilion is about two hundred years old.
on (prep) ***	/ən/	am	My birthday is on Saturday.
party (n) ***	/'pa:ti/	Party	The welcome party is at 7.15.
Peru	/pə'rʊ:/	Peru	Machu Picchu is on a mountain in Peru.
place (n) ***	/pləs/	Ort	Valencia is a great place to live.
please ***	/pli:z/	bitte	Jake, what time is it, please?
programme (n) ***	/'prəʊgræm/	Programm	These are copies of the programme for today
quarter past/to (adv)	/'kwɔ:tə ,pə:st/,/tu:/	viertel ab	The film of Brighton is on at quarter past two.
river (n) ***	/'rɪvə/	Fluss	The temple of Abu Simbel is next to the River Nile.
seventy	/'sev(ə)nti/	Siebzig	
sixty	/'sɪks(ti)/	Sechzig	
temple (n) **	/'temp(ə)l/	Tempel	The temple of Abu Simbel is in Egypt.
Thank you (very much) ***	/θæŋk ju:/ (veri matʃ)/	Danke (viel Mals)	A Here is a map of Brighton. B Thank you very much.
think (v) ***	/θɪŋk/	denken	I think it's about 200 years old.
thirty	/θɜ:ti/	Dreissig	
today (adv) ***	/tə'deɪ/	heute	It's the London to Brighton Bike Ride today.
tonight (adv) ***	/tə'nait/	heute Abend	The disco is tonight - at 8.30.
tour (n) ***	/tʊə/	Führung	The tour of the city is at 3.00.
Turkey	/tɜ:ki/	Türkei	The Aya Sofya is in Istanbul in Turkey.
very (adv) ***	/veri/	sehr	We're very pleased to be here.
visit (n) ***	/'vɪzɪt/	Besuch	The school visit is at 1.55.
visitor (n) ***	/'vɪzɪtə/	Besucher/in	Here are maps of Brighton for our visitors.
watch (n) **	/wɒtʃ/	Armbanduhr	My watch says it's ten o'clock.
year (n) ***	/jɪə/	Jahr	The Royal Pavilion is two hundred years old.
Lesson 3 - When's your birthday? (pages 16-17)			
April ***	/'eɪprəl/	April	
August ***	/ə:gəst/	August	
believe (v) ***	/bɪ'lɪv/	glauben	I can't believe my mum's forty today!
birthday (n) **	/'bɪ:bθdeɪ/	Geburtstag	A When's your birthday? B 21st August.
brother (n) ***	/'brʌðə/	Bruder	Dima is Katya's brother.
daughter (n) ***	/'dɔ:zə/	Tochter	Valentina is Vera and Mikhail's daughter.
December ***	/dɪ'sembə/	Dezember	
eighteenth	/eɪ'ti:nθ/	Achtzente/r	
eighth	/eɪtθ/	Achte/r	
eleventh	/'elev(ə)nθ/	Elfe/r	
father (n) ***	/'fa:ðə/	Vater	Maxim is Katya's father.
February ***	/'febrʊəri/	Februar	
fifteenth	/,fɪf'ti:nθ/	Fünfzehnt/e	
fifth	/fɪfθ/	Fünft/er	
first ***	/fɜ:st/	Erste/r	
fortieth	/'fɔ:ti:θ/	Vierzigste/r	
fourteenth	/,fɔ:ti:nθ/	Vierzehnte/r	
fourth	/fɔ:θ/	Vierte/r	
grandfather (n) **	/'græn(d),fa:ðə/	Grossvater	Mikhail is Katya's grandfather.
grandmother (n) **	/'græn(d),mʌðə/	Grossmutter	Vera is Katya's grandmother.
grandparent (n) *	/'græn(d),peərənt/	Grosseltern	The two people in the centre are my grandparents.
husband (n) ***	/'hʌzbənd/	Ehemann	Vera's husband is called Mikhail.
January ***	/dʒænɪ'juəri/	Januar	
July ***	/dʒʊ'lɪ/	Juli	
June ***	/dʒu:n/	Juni	
man (pl men) (n) ***	/mæn/	Mann	The man next to Mum is my father.
March ***	/mɑ:tʃ/	März	
May ***	/meɪ/	Mai	
month (n) ***	/mʌnθ/	Monat	April is my favourite month.
mother (n) ***	/'mʌðə/	Mutter	My mother is on the right - her name is Valentina.
mum (n) **	/mʌm/	Mutter (Mutti, Mama)	My mum's name is Valentina.

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
nineteenth	/,naɪn'ti:nθ/	Neunzehnte/r	
ninth	/naɪnθ/	Neunte/r	
November ***	/nəʊ'vember/	November	
October ***	/ɒk'təʊbə/	Oktober	
on the left/right	/,ɒn ðə 'lef/t'reɪt/	links/rechts	My sister Anna is on the left.
photographer (n) **	/fə'tɔgrəfə/	Fotograf/in	I'm not in the picture - I'm the family photographer !
picture (n) ***	/'pɪktʃə/	hier: Foto	I'm not in the picture - I'm the family photographer!
second ***	/'sekənd/	Zweite/r	
September ***	/sep'tembə/	September	
seventeenth	/,sev(ə)n'ti:nθ/	Siebzehnte/r	
seventh	/'sev(ə)nθ/	Siebte/r	
sister (n) ***	/'sɪstə/	Schwester	Katya and Anna are sisters .
sixteenth	/,sɪks'ti:nθ/	Sechzehnte/r	
sixth	/sɪksθ/	Sechste/r	
son (n) ***	/sən/	Sohn	Dima is Maxim and Valentina's son .
tenth	/tenθ/	Zehnte/r	
third	/θɜ:d/	Dritte/r	
thirteenth	/,θɜ:ti:nθ/	Dreizehnte/r	
thirtieth	/'θɜ:tiəθ/	Dreissigste/r	
twelfth	/twelfθ/	Zwölfte/r	
twentieth	/'twentiəθ/	Zwanzigste/r	
twenty-first	/,twenti'fɜ:st/	Einundzwanzigste/r	
twenty-second	/,twenti'sekənd/	Zweiundzwanzigste/r	
wife (pl wives) (n) ***	/waɪf/	Ehefrau	Valentina is Maxim's wife .
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Personal Information (pages 18-19)			
mean (v) ***	/mi:n/	bedeuten	What does pavilion mean ?
meet (v) ***	/mi:t/	treffen	It's nice to meet you all.
pronounce (v) **	/prə'nauնs/	aussprechen	How do you pronounce F-E-B-R-U-A-R-Y?
singer (n) **	/'sɪŋə/	Sänger/in	My favourite singer is Beyoncé.
Inspiration Extra! (pages 20-21)			
friend (n) ***	/frend/	Freund/in	Here are your new English friends , Emily and Adam.
of course ***	/,əv 'kɔ:s/	natürlich	A Where are you from? B Here, of course .
That's right.	/,ðæts 'raɪt/	Das ist richtig.	A Is your name Adam? B Yes, that's right .
Culture (pages 22-23)			
a million **	/ə 'mɪljən/	Eine Million	
Australia	/ɒ'streɪliə/	Australien	The capital of Australia is Canberra.
Brazil	/brə'zɪl/	Brasilien	The main language in Brazil is Portuguese.
capital (city) (n) ***	/'kæpɪtl(ə)l/	Hauptstadt	The capital of Spain is Madrid.
China	/'tʃaɪnə/	China	The capital of China is Beijing.
Germany	/'dʒɜ:rmənɪ/	Deutschland	Berlin is the capital of Germany .
language (n) ***	/'læŋgwɪdʒ/	Sprache	What are the main languages in the USA?
main (adj) ***	/men/	haupt	The main language in Australia is English.
Mexico	/'meksɪkəʊ/	Mexiko	Mexico City is the capital of Mexico .
music (n) ***	/'mju:zɪk/	Musik	I like music and I play the guitar.
population (n) ***	/,pɒpjʊ'leɪʃn/	Bevölkerung	What's the population of Russia?
UNIT 2 21st CENTURY WORLD			
Lesson 1 - She has a lovely smile (pages 24-25)			
also (adv) ***	/'ɔ:lsəʊ/	auch	You can also download videos of their gigs
big (adj) ***	/bɪg/	gross	She has pink hair and big sunglasses.
black (adj) ***	/blæk/	schwarz	Daniel's football is black and white.
blonde (adj) *	/blɒnd/	blond	She has long blonde hair and blue eyes.
blue (adj) ***	/blu:/	blau	I have two pairs of blue jeans.
brown (adj) ***	/braʊn/	braun	Matilda has short brown hair.
cap (n) **	/kæp/	Mütze	He has a green top and a cap .
choose (v) ***	/tʃu:z/	auswählen	Teams take turns to choose a square.
clothes (n pl) ***	/klaʊðz/	Kleider	My favourite clothes are jeans and a pink top.
colour (n) ***	/'kʌlə/	Farbe	What colour is your bedroom wall?
dark (adj) ***	/dɑ:k/	dunkel	She has long dark hair and brown eyes.
eye (n) ***	/aɪ/	Auge	I have red hair and green eyes .
flag (n) **	/flæg/	Flagge	Daniel's flag has five colours.
football (n) ***	/'fʊt,bɔ:l/	Fussball	He has a football .
green (adj) ***	/grɪ:n/	grün	India's flag has three colours: orange, white and green .
grey (adj) ***	/gret/	grau	Daniel has a green T-shirt and long grey shorts.

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
have (v) ***	/hæv, əv, əv/	haben	I have long black hair.
jacket (n) ***	/dʒækɪt/	Jacke	You can borrow my jacket .
jeans (n pl) *	/dʒɪnz/	Jeans	Katya has an orange top, blue jeans and white shoes.
long (adj) ***	/lɒŋ/	lang	My sari is nine metres long .
lots (of) (n pl) ***	/lɒts (əv)/	viele	I have lots of friends at school.
lovely (adj) ***	/'lʌvlɪ/	schön	My friend Anita has a lovely smile.
metre (n) ***	/'mi:tə/	Meter	Her red sari is nine metres long.
neck (n) ***	/nek/	Hals/Nacken	She has a scarf round her neck .
orange (adj) **	/'ɔ:rɪndʒ/	orange	My favourite socks are orange .
pair (of jeans) (n) ***	/peə/	Paar (Jeans)	Teresa has a jacket and three pairs of jeans .
pink (adj) **	/pɪŋk/	pink	She has pink hair and big sunglasses.
pullover (n) *	/'pʊləʊvə/	Pullover	I wear a blue pullover to school.
purple (adj) *	/'pɜ:plə/	violett	My new MP3 player is purple .
red (adj) ***	/red/	rot	The flag of Japan is red and white.
round (prep) ***	/raʊnd/	um (herum)	She has a long scarf round her neck.
sandals (n pl) *	/'sændəlz/	Sandalen	She has a white skirt and brown sandals .
scarf (n) *	/'skɑ:f/	Schall	He has a long scarf round his neck.
shirt (n) ***	/'ʃɜ:t/	Hemd	Can you iron a shirt ?
shoes (n pl) ***	/'ʃu:z/	Schuhe	Daniel has black shoes .
short (adj) ***	/'ʃɔ:t/	kurz	Pedro has short black hair.
shorts (n pl) *	/'ʃɔ:ts/	kurze Hosen	The boy has white shorts and trainers.
shoulder bag (n)	/'ʃəuldə ,ba:g/	Umhängetasche	Her T-shirt is black and she has a shoulder bag .
skirt (n) **	/'skɜ:t/	Rock	She has a new skirt for school.
smile (n) ***	/'smail/	Lächeln	She has a lovely smile .
socks (n pl) *	/'sɒks/	Socken	Daniel has grey shorts and long red socks .
sunglasses (n pl)	/'sʌn,gla:sɪz/	Sonnenbrille	She has pink hair and big sunglasses .
then (adv) ***	/'ðen/	dann	Complete the questions then compare your answers with another student.
top (n) ***	/'tɒp/	Oberteil	My favourite top is a purple T-shirt.
trainers (n pl) *	/'treɪnəz/	Turnschuhe	I have new trainers for school.
trousers (n pl) **	/'traʊzəz/	Hosen	My school trousers are grey.
T-shirt (n) *	/'tɪ:ʃɜ:t/	T-Shirt	Her T-shirt is black and her trousers are blue.
white (adj) ***	/'waɪt/	weiss	I have white shirts for school.
word (n) ***	/'wɜ:d/	Wort	Look up new words in your dictionary.
yellow (adj) ***	/'jeləʊ/	gelb	The flag of Germany is black, red and yellow .
Lesson 2 - I can play the guitar (pages 26-27)			
anything (pron) ***	/'eni,θɪŋ/	etwas	Can I help you with anything ?
at the same time	/,æt ðə seɪm 'taɪm/	gleichzeitig	Is the welcome party at the same time as the disco?
band (n) ***	/bænd/	Musikgruppe	My favourite band is Linkin Park.
bed (n) ***	/bed/	Bett	There's a bed in Emily's room.
behind (prep) ***	/bɪ'haɪnd/	hinter	The light switch is behind the door.
book (n) ***	/bʊk/	Buch	Can you read a book in English?
burn a CD	/bɜ:n ə si:dɪ:/	(eine) CD brennen	I can burn a CD or email the photographs to you.
button (n) **	/'bɒt(ə)n/	Knopf	Can you sew on a button ?
cake (n) ***	/keɪk/	Kuchen	I can make a cake .
CD (n) **	/'si:dɪ:/	CD	I don't use CDs - I have an mp3 player.
century (n) ***	/'sentʊəri/	Jahrhundert	How are your twenty-first century life skills?
cook (v) ***	/kʊk/	kochen	Can you cook a meal?
create (v) ***	/'kri'eɪt/	erstellen	Can you create a web page?
dance (v) ***	/dæ:ns/	tanzen	My sister can dance but I can't.
date (n) ***	/deɪt/	Datum	Can you remember dates and places?
door (n) ***	/dɔ:/	Türe	Excuse me, can I close the door please?
download (v)	/,daʊn'ləud/	herunterladen	You can download music from the band's website.
draw (v) ***	/drɔ:/	zeichnen	Draw a picture or take a photo for your web page.
fantastic (adj) **	/'fæn'tæstɪk/	fantastisch	The website has some fantastic photos of the band.
find (v) ***	/faɪnd/	finden	I can't find my keys.
give (v) ***	/gɪv/	geben	Give your questionnaire to five students.
hand (n) ***	/hænd/	Hand	Can you walk on your hands ?
help (n & v) ***	/hɛlp/	helfen	Remember to ask for help . / Can I help you with anything?
horse (n) ***	/hɔ:s/	Pferd	Can Pierre ride a horse ?
instrument (n) ***	/'instrumənt/	Instrument	Can you play an instrument ?
iron (v) *	/'aɪən/	bügeln	I can iron a shirt.
kilo(gram) (kg) (n) *	/'kɪ:ləʊ (græm)/	Kilo(-gramm)	Can you lift 20 kilos ?
kilometre (km) (n) *	/'kɪlə,mɪ:tə, kɪ'lɒmɪ:tə/	Kilometer	Can you run a kilometre in five minutes?

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
life (pl lives) (n) ***	/laɪf/	Leben	How are your twenty-first century life skills?
lift (v) ***	/lɪft/	heben	I can't lift 20 kilos.
light (n) ***	/laɪt/	Licht	Make sure there is no light on your face.
light switch (n)	/'laɪt ,swtʃ/	Lichtschalter	I can't find the light switch .
make (v) ***	/meɪk/	machen	Can we make a cake for Daniel's birthday?
meal (n) ***	/mi:l/	Mahlzeit	Can you cook a meal ?
mend (v) *	/mend/	reparieren	Can you mend a bicycle puncture?
minute (n) ***	/'mɪnɪt/	Minute	Can you run a kilometre in five minutes ?
mobile (phone) (n) **	/'maʊbaɪl/	Handy	Don't use your mobile phone in class.
Never mind.	/,neva 'maɪnd/	Egal.	A I can't come to help you today. B Never mind .
Oh dear.	/,əʊ 'dɪə/	Oje.	A The band sings in French. B Oh dear . I can't understand French.
other (adj) ***	/'ʌðə/	andere	What other instruments can you play?
over here	/,əʊvər 'hɪə/	hier drüber	It's over here behind the door. See?
paint (v) ***	/peɪnt/	malen	Can I paint my bedroom wall?
phone (n & v) ***	/fəʊn/	Telefon	I can take photos with my phone . / You can phone your parents.
piano (n) **	/pɪ'ænəʊ/	Klavier	She can play the piano .
play (music) (v) ***	/pleɪ/	spielen	I can't play an instrument
programme (v)	/'prəʊgræm/	programmieren	My father can't programme the satnav but I can!
puncture (n)	/'pʌŋktʃə/	Loch	Can you mend a bicycle puncture ?
question (n) ***	/'kwestʃ(ə)n/	Frage	Excuse me, can I ask a question please?
questionnaire (n) **	/,kwestʃə'næɪə/	Fragebogen	Do you have a copy of the questionnaire ?
read (v) ***	/rɪ:t/	lesen	Can you read music?
really (= very) (adv) ***	/'ri:əli/	sehr	Wow! Your school has really good computers.
remember (v) ***	/rɪ:membə/	erinnern	I can't remember his name.
ride (v) ***	/raɪd/	reiten	Can you ride a horse?
room (n) ***	/ru:m/	Zimmer	A Here is your room . B It's really nice, Emily!
run (v) ***	/rʌn/	laufen	I can run 5k in twenty minutes.
same (adj) ***	/seɪm/	gleich	I can't play the guitar and the piano at the same time!
satnav (n)	/'sæt,næv/	Navigationssystem	My mother has a satnav in her new car.
saxophone (n)	/'sæksə,fən/	Saxofon	Can she play the saxophone ?
send (v) ***	/sɛnd/	senden	I can send photos from my mobile.
sew on (v)	/,səʊ'ən/	annähen	Can you sew on a button?
silly (adj) **	/'sɪli/	dumm	It's a silly question, but I can't find the light switch! Where is it?
sing (v) ***	/sɪŋ/	singen	I can't play an instrument but I can sing .
site (n) **	/sایt/	Seite	Can you use a social networking site ?
skill (n) ***	/skɪl/	Fähigkeit	How are your twenty-first century life skills ?
social networking site (n)	/,səʊʃəl'net,wɜ:kɪŋ sایt/	soziale Netzwerksseite	Facebook is my favourite social networking site .
speak (v) ***	/spi:k/	sprechen	I can speak English and French.
swim (v) **	/swɪm/	schwimmen	He can't swim 100 metres.
underwater (adv)	/,ʌndə'wɔ:tə/	unterwasser	Can you swim underwater ?
use (v) ***	/ju:z/	benutzen	Can I use your phone?
walk (v) ***	/wɔ:k/	gehen	She can walk on her hands.
wall (n) ***	/wɔ:l/	Wand	Please help me paint my bedroom wall .
Web (n) *	/web/	Internet	You can surf the web and download apps.
web page (n) *	/'web ,pɜ:dʒ/	Website	What's on your web page ?
Lesson 3 - Keep still (pages 28-29)			
area code (n)	/'earɪə ,kəud/	Ortsvorwahl	Dial the area code before the number.
at home (adv)	/ət həʊm/	Zu Hause	Do you have a webcam on your computer at home ?
audio (n)	/'dɪdʒu/	Audio	To check the sound, go to Menu and select Audio .
back (n) ***	/bæk/	Rücken	Don't sit with your back to a window.
code (n) ***	/kəud/	Vorwahl	The international code for the UK is +44.
come (v) ***	/kʌm/	kommen	Come and sit here.
computer (n) ***	/kəm'pju:tə/	Computer	Is there a webcam on your computer at school?
dial (v) *	/dɪəl/	wählen	First, dial the international code.
Don't worry.	/də'ənt 'wʌri/	Keine Angst.	A I can't speak German. B Don't worry . We can speak English.
easy (adj) ***	/'i:zi/	einfaçh	Can you programme a satnav? Yes, it's easy !
face (n) ***	/fe:s/	Gesicht	Check there is light on your face .
first (adv) ***	/fɜ:st/	Vor (-name)	Mr Ward's first name is David.
go (v) ***	/gəʊ/	gehen	Can I go home at three o'clock?
good (adj) ***	/gud/	gut	Your school has really good computers.
hair (n) ***	/heə/	Haar	The girls have long hair .
international (adj) ***	/'næʃə(n)əl/	international	First, dial the international code.
Keep still.	/kɪ:p 'stɪl/	halt still (still halten)	Keep still and don't move around.

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
laptop (n)	/læp'tɒp/	Laptop	Pierre has a new laptop .
late (adj & adv) ***	/leɪt/	spät	L8 is a text message abbreviation for late .
later (See you later.) (adv) ***	/'leɪtə/	(bis) später	CU L8R is a text message abbreviation for See you later .
love (v) ***	/lʌv/	lieben	I love you.
lucky (adj) ***	/'lʌki/	glücklich	A I have a new mobile phone. B Lucky you!
make sure	/merk 'ʃɔ:/	gehe sicher (sicher gehen)	Make sure the webcam is on.
menu (n) **	/'menju:/	Menü	Go to Menu and select Download.
message (n) ***	/'mesɪdʒ/	Nachricht	Can you send a text message on a mobile phone?
microphone (n) *	/'mækrofaʊn/	Mikrofon	Speak near the microphone .
move around (v)	/,mu:v ə'raʊnd/	bewegen	Keep still and don't move around .
Mrs ***	/'mɪsɪz/	Frau	Mrs Navarro is Teresa's mother.
No problem.	/,nəu 'prɒbləm/	Kein Problem.	A Thanks for your help. B No problem .
number (n) ***	/'nʌmbə/	Nummer	What's your phone number ?
open (adj) ***	/'əʊpən/	öffnen	Please open the window.
open (v) ***	/'əʊpən/	öffnen	Please open your books.
phone call (n) *	/'faʊn,kɔ:l/	Anruf	Phone calls from a mobile can be expensive.
problem (n) ***	/'prɒbləm/	Problem	There's a problem . The picture isn't very good.
say (v) ***	/seɪ/	sagen	Say hello to your mum from me.
see (v) ***	/sɪ:/	sehen	It's dark and I can't see the light switch.
select (v) ***	/sɛl'ekt/	auswählen	Go to Menu and select Download Music.
sit (v) ***	/sɪt/	sitzen	I sit next to Maria in my English class.
someone (pron) ***	/'sʌmwʌn/	irgendjemand	Can someone help me, please?
something (pron) ***	/'sʌmθɪŋ/	irgendetwas	There's something wrong with my laptop.
sound (n) ***	/saʊnd/	Ton	To check the sound , go to Menu and select Audio .
speakers (n pl)	/'spi:kəz/	Lautsprecher	If the sound isn't good, check the speakers .
sure (adj) ***	/ʃɔ:,ʃuə/	sicher	Make sure your webcam is on.
talk (v) ***	/tɔ:k/	sprechen	Pierre can talk to his Mum in Switzerland.
tell a joke	/tel ə 'dʒɔ:k/	Einen Witz erzählen	Can you tell jokes ?
text message (n)	/'tekst,_mesɪdʒ/	SMS	I send text messages to my friends.
Thanks (a lot).	/θæŋks (ə lot)/	Danke (viel Mals)	OK, I understand now. Thanks a lot .
There's something wrong.	/ðeəz sʌmθɪŋ 'rɒŋ/	Irgendetwas stimmt nicht.	There's something wrong with the laptop.
tomorrow (adv) ***	/tə'mɔrəu/	morgen	I can't meet today. What about tomorrow ?
video (n) ***	/'vɪdiəu/	Video	You can download videos from the website.
video call (n)	/'vɪdiəu,kɔ:l/	Videoanruf	Can I make a video call to my family?
webcam (n)	/'web,kæm/	Webcam	I can use a webcam .
window (n) ***	/'wɪndəu/	Fenster	Don't sit with your back to a window .
wrong (adj) ***	/rɒŋ/	falsch	There is something wrong with my webcam.
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Favourite Band (pages 30-31)			
ask (v) ***	/a:sk/	fragen	Excuse me, can I ask a question please?
borrow (v) **	/'bɒrəu/	ausleihen	Please can I borrow a pen?
dictionary (n) **	/'dɪkʃən(ə)rɪ/	Wörterbuch	Do you have an English dictionary ?
drink (n) ***	/drɪŋk/	Getränk	Can I get a drink of water please?
drums (n pl) **	/drʌmz/	Schlagzeug	Rob plays the drums and Brad plays the guitar.
get (v) ***	/get/	bekommen	Can I get a drink of water, please?
go home	/,gəu 'həʊm/	nach Hause gehen	You can go home at half past two.
gig (n) *	/gɪg/	Konzert	You can download videos of their gigs from the website.
guitar (n) ***	/gɪ'ta:/	Gitarre	I can play the guitar and the sax.
close (v) ***	/kləuz/	schließen	You can close the window.
cool (adj) ***	/ku:l/	cool	Their website is really cool .
like (v) ***	/laɪk/	gefallen	I like your new trainers.
leave (v) ***	/li:z/	verlassen	Can I leave the room, please?
member (n) ***	/'membə/	Mitglied	How many members are in the band?
reply (n) ***	/rɪ'plɪ/	Antwort	No problem is the reply to Thanks a lot .
special (adj)	/'speʃl/	speziell	What's special about the band?
toilet (n) **	/'tɔ:li:t/	Toilette (WC)	Please can I go to the toilet ?
website (n) **	/'web,sæt/	Website	What's their website address?
Inspiration Extra! (pages 32-33)			
whole (n) ***	/həʊl/	ganz	I read the whole book in three days.
Review Units 1-2 (pages 34-35)			
expensive (adj)	/ɪk'spensɪv/	teuer	Phone calls from a mobile can be expensive .
fine (adj) ***	/fain/	gut	A How are you? B I'm fine thanks.
forget (v) ***	/fə'get/	vergessen	Don't forget the welcome party.
understand (v) ***	/,ʌndə'stænd/	verstehen	I understand Spanish but I can't speak it.

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
UNIT 3 LIFESTYLE			
Lesson 1 - I really don't like octopus (pages 38-39)			
angry (adj) ***	/'æŋgrɪ/	verärgert	Ruby is angry with Pierre.
banana (n) *	/bə'nɑ:nə/	Banane	Does she like bananas ?
breakfast (n) ***	/'brekfəst/	Frühstück	Do you have breakfast in bed?
carrot (n) *	/'kærət/	Karotten	Do you like carrots ?
cheese (n) **	/tʃi:z/	Käse	I like cheese and tomato pizza.
chicken (n) **	/'tʃɪkɪn/	Huhn	A You have chickens ! B Yes, we can have fresh eggs for breakfast.
chips (n pl)	/tʃɪps/	Pommes Frites	Do you like fish and chips ?
chocolate (n) **	/'tʃɒklət/	Schokolade	I love chocolate !
cottage (n) **	/'kɒtɪdʒ/	Hütte/Häuschen	Adam lives in a small cottage .
cucumber (n)	/'kjʊ; kʌmbə/	Gurke	I like salad with cucumber and tomatoes.
dinner (n) ***	/'dɪnə/	Abendessen	When do you usually have dinner in the evening?
egg (n) ***	/eg/	Ei	I have two eggs for breakfast.
everything (pron) ***	/'evri,θɪŋ/	Alles	I like everything except octopus.
except (prep) ***	/ɪk'sept/	ausser	I like everything except octopus.
film star (n)	/'fɪlm ,sta:/	Filmstar	Who's your favourite film star ? I love Johnny Depp.
fish (n) ***	/fɪʃ/	Fisch	I hope you like fish .
flat (n) ***	/flæt/	Wohnung	I live with my parents and brother in a small flat .
fresh (adj) ***	/fref/	frisch	We can have fresh eggs for breakfast!
garden (n) ***	/'gɑ:d(ə)n/	Garten	We live in a flat in the city - we don't have a garden .
garlic (n) *	/'ga:lk/	Knoblauch	There is lots of garlic in French food.
go away	/'gəʊ ə'weɪ/	Geh weg!	A Go away! B Don't speak to me like that.
hate (v) ***	/hæt/	hassen	Emily likes science but she hates history.
hope (v) ***	/həʊp/	hoffen	I hope to hear from you soon.
house (n) ***	/haʊs/	Haus	You have a lovely house .
ice cream (n) *	/'aɪs, kri:m/	Eiscreme	I love chocolate ice cream !
inside (adv) ***	/'ɪn,sərd/	hier: herein	Come inside , everyone – dinner is ready.
like (prep) ***	/laɪk/	hier: so	Don't speak to me like that!
live (v) ***	/lɪv/	leben	Adam lives in a small cottage.
menu (n) **	/'menju:/	Menü	Octopus isn't on the menu .
mushroom (n) *	/'mʌʃru:m/	Pilz	Can I have mushrooms on my pizza?
music (n) ***	/'mjū:zɪk/	Musik	We study music at school on a Friday.
octopus (n)	/'ɒktəpəs/	Tintenfisch	I really don't like octopus .
pizza (n) *	/'pi:tsə/	Pizza	My favourite food is pizza .
quite (adv) ***	/kwɔɪt/	ziemlich	It's a cottage, really. It's quite small.
ready (adj) ***	/'redi/	bereit	Come inside, everyone – dinner is ready .
small (adj) ***	/'smɔ:l/	klein	I live in a small flat.
stop (v) ***	/stɒp/	stopp/aufhören	Stop it, you two!
tomato (n) **	/'tə'ma:təʊ/	Tomate	I like pizza with tomatoes and mushrooms.
want (v) ***	/wɒnt/	wollen	Pierre wants to talk to me.
Lesson 2 - Does she study in the evening? (pages 40-41)			
after (prep) ***	/'a:ftə/	nach	Katya often goes to the gym after school.
afternoon (n) ***	/'a:ftə'nu:n/	Nachmittag	The gym near Katya's flat is never busy in the afternoon .
aged (adj) **	/'eɪdʒd/	im Alter von	The students are aged 4-15.
art (n) ***	/'a:t/	Kunst	Her favourite subject is art . She can draw anything!
backyard (n)	/.bæk'jɑ:d/	Hinterhof	Babar Ali has a school in the backyard of his home.
before (prep) ***	/bɪ'fɔ:/	bevor	Before she goes to bed she studies with her brother.
break (n) ***	/breɪk/	Pause	We have a short break in the morning.
child (pl children) (n) ***	/.tʃaɪld/	Kinder	Valentina has three children - Katya, Anna and Dima.
classroom (n) **	/'kla:s,ru:m/	Klassenzimmer	Does the school have lots of classrooms ?
clean (v) ***	/kli:n/	putzen/reinigen	She gets up at six and cleans people's houses.
do (v) ***	/du:/	machen	What do you do at the gym?
evening (n) ***	/'i:vnɪŋ/	Abend	He goes to bed at the same time every evening .
field (n) ***	/fi:ld/	Feld	The children work in the fields in the morning.
free (= costs nothing) (adj) ***	/fri:/	gratis	The school is free .
from (time) to (time) (prep)	fram (taɪm) tə (taɪm)	von (Zeit) zu (Zeit)	I go to school from 8am to 3.15pm.
geography (n) **	/dʒi:'ɒgrəfi/	Geografie	We learn about other countries in geography .

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
get up	/,get 'ʌp/	aufstehen	I get up at six in the morning.
go to bed	/,gəʊ tə 'bed/	Zu Bett gehen	I go to bed at ten o'clock.
have breakfast/lunch/dinner	/,haev 'brekfəst/ 'lʌntʃ/ 'dɪnə/	frühstücken/mittagessen/Zu Nacht essen	When do you usually have dinner ?
headmaster (n) *	/'hedmɑ:stə/	Schulleiter/in	He is a student in the morning and a headmaster in the afternoon.
history (n) ***	/'histəri/	Geschichte	Babar Ali's favourite subject is history .
hour (n) ***	/'aʊə/	Stunde	She goes to school for six hours a day.
local (adj) ***	/'ləuk(ə)l/	einheimisch	Does the school teach the local language?
maths (n) *	/mæθs/	Mathematik	We have maths on Monday.
money (n) ***	/'mʌni/	Geld	People give money to the school.
morning (n) ***	/'mɔ:rnɪŋ/	Morgen	Nicole gets up at quarter past seven in the morning .
night (n) ***	/naɪt/	Nacht	I work all night and sleep all day.
outdoors (adv)	/aʊt'dɔ:z/	hier: im Freien	Most of the classes are outdoors .
own (adj) ***	/əʊn/	eigen	In the afternoon he is the headmaster of his own school.
pay (v) ***	/peɪ/	bezahlen	The students don't pay for books or meals.
PE (physical education) (n)	/,pi: 'i:/	Sport	I love PE at school. I like football and gymnastics.
physical (adj) ***	/'fɪzɪk(ə)l/	körperlich	Lewis works hard on his physical and mental fitness.
poor (adj) ***	/pɔ:, puə/	arm	Barbar Ali has a school for poor children.
science (n) ***	/'səʊəns/	Naturwissenschaft	I do science on Friday.
study (v) ***	/'stʌdi/	lernen	Does she study in the evening?
teach (v) ***	/tɪ:tʃ/	lehren	The school teaches ten subjects.
teenage (adj) **	/'ti:n,erdʒ/	jugendlich	The school has 800 students and ten teenage teachers.
timetable (n) **	/'taɪm,terɪb(ə)l/	Stundenplan	Write six sentences about your school timetable .
west (n) ***	/'west/	Westen	I live in Tallinn in the north- west of Estonia.
work (v) ***	/wɜ:k/	arbeiten	I work all night and sleep all day.
Lesson 3 - I never lift weights			
activity (n) ***	/æk'trɪvəti/	Aktivität	What are your favourite leisure activities ?
basketball (n) *	/'ba:skɪt,ba:ł/	Basketball	Adam and Jake play basketball .
both (pron) ***	/bəʊθ/	beide	Do both girls go to the gym every week?
busy (adj) ***	/'bɪzi/	beschäftigt/hier:belebt	The gym is always busy in the afternoon.
cinema (n) **	/'sɪnamə/	Kino	I always go to the cinema on Saturday.
class (n) ***	/kla:s/	hier: Unterricht	Katya often goes to dance classes on Wednesday.
computer game (n)	/kəm'pjju:tə ,geɪm/	Computerspiel	I play computer games or listen to music in my free time.
dance (n) ***	/dæns/	Tanz	Katya often goes to dance classes on Wednesday.
dance routine (n)	/dæ:ns ru:tɪ:n/	Tanznummer/Choreografie	We learn different dance routines like hip-hop and jive.
different (adj) ***	/'dɪfrənt/	unterschiedlich	We learn different dance routines like hip-hop and jive.
early (adv) ***	/'ɜ:li/	früh	Lewis gets up early .
exercise (n) ***	/'eksəsaɪz/	Übung/Training	I think they're doing exercises .
exercise bike (n)	/'eksəsaɪz ,baɪk/	Heimtrainer	I start on the running machine and then I get on the exercise bike .
Friday ***	/'fraideɪ/	Freitag	
game (n) ***	/geɪm/	Spiel	I play computer games in my free time.
get on (a bike)	/,get 'ɒn (ə bæk)/	aufsteigen	I run and then I get on the exercise bike.
go dancing	/,gəʊ 'dæ:nsɪŋ/	tanzen gehen	On Saturdays I go dancing with my friends.
go running	/,gəʊ 'rʌnɪŋ/	rennen gehen	Sometimes I go running before school.
go shopping	/,gəʊ 'ʃɒpɪŋ/	einkaufen gehen	I go shopping in the city centre with my friends.
go swimming	/,gəʊ 'swɪmɪŋ/	schwimmen gehen	Pierre always goes swimming on Monday.
go to the cinema/movies	/,gəʊ tə ðə 'sɪnamə/ 'mu:vɪz/	Ins Kino gehen	I always go to the cinema on Saturday.
gym (n) *	/dʒɪm/	Fitnessstudio	Do you go to the gym ?
It depends.	/,ɪt dr'pendz/	Es kommt darauf an	A. What do you do at the gym? B It depends . Usually I run.
jive (n)	/dʒaɪv/	Jive/Swingmusik	We learn different dance routines like hip-hop and jive .
learn (v) ***	/lɜ:n/	lernen	We learn different dance routines.
Monday ***	/'mʌndeɪ/	Montag	
only (adv) ***	/'əʊnlɪ/	erst	I'm only 14 so I can't use the weights.
over (prep) ***	/'əʊvə/	auf	Lewis races all over the world.
play (sport) (v) ***	/pleɪ/	spielen	He plays tennis in the summer.
routine (n) **	/ru:tɪ:n/	Routine/Choreografie	At race weekends he has a regular routine . / We learn different dance outines like hip-hop and jive.
rowing machine (n)	/'rəʊɪŋ məʃɪ:n/	Rudergerät	Katya sometimes starts on the rowing machine .
running machine (n)	/'rʌnɪŋ məʃɪ:n/	Laufband	Emily sometimes starts on the running machine .

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
Saturday ***	/'sætədeɪ/	Samstag	
sound (v) ***	/saʊnd/	klingt	That sound s great!
sport (n) ***	/spɔ:t/	Sport	My favourite sport is volleyball.
start (v) ***	/sta:t/	anfangen/starten	School starts at 8am and ends at 2pm.
stay (v) ***	/steɪ/	bleiben	Can I stay the night at my friend's house?
Sunday ***	/'sʌndeɪ/	Sonntag	
swimming (n) *	/'swɪmɪŋ/	Schwimmen	Lewis also enjoys golf and swimming .
swimming pool (n) ***	/'swɪmɪŋ ,pu:l/	Schwimmbad	The swimming pool opens at 8 o'clock.
teenager (n) **	/'ti:n,eɪdʒə/	Jugendlicher	The training session for teenagers is from four to five o'clock.
tennis (n) **	/'tenɪs/	Tennis	I play tennis in the summer.
tennis court (n)	/'tenɪs ,kɔ:t/	Tennisplatz	Can you come to the tennis court at 9 o'clock?
Thursday ***	/'θɜ:zdeɪ/	Donnerstag	
training session (n)	/'trɛɪnɪŋ ,seʃn/	Trainingseinheit	The training session for teenagers is from four to five o'clock.
Tuesday ***	/'tju:zdeɪ/	Dienstag	
TV (television) (n) ***	/,ti: 'vi:/	Fernseher	In the evening I usually watch TV .
volleyball (n)	/'voli,bɔ:l/	Volleyball	My favourite sport is volleyball .
watch (v) ***	/'wɔ:tʃ/	schauen	In the evening I usually watch TV.
Wednesday ***	/'wenzdeɪ/	Mittwoch	
week (n) ***	/wi:k/	Woche	Do both girls go to the gym every week ?
weekend (n) ***	/,wi:k'end/	Wochenende	At the weekend I play football.
weights (n)	/'wɛts/	Gewichte	Emily never lifts weights at the gym.
Why not?	/,waɪ 'nɒt/	Wieso nicht?	A I don't lift weights. B Why not? A Weights are for over-16-year-olds.
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Personal profiles (pages 44-45)			
am (= in the morning)	/eɪ'əm/	Vormittags	I go to school from 8am to 3.15pm.
best wishes	/,best 'wɪʃəz/	beste Wünsche	Please send your mother my best wishes .
between (prep) ***	/bɪ'twi:n/	zwischen	Between races, Lewis usually goes to the gym.
blues (n) *	/blu:z/	Blues	He likes reggae and he loves jazz and blues .
boat (n) ***	/bəʊt/	Boot	Lewis sometimes has Mediterranean boat holidays.
born (adj) ***	/bɔ:n/	geboren	Lewis Hamilton, born 7th January 1985, is a motor racing star.
car (n) ***	/kɑ:/	Auto	I walk to school - it's very near my home and we don't have a car .
curly (hair) (adj) *	/'kɜ:li/	lockig	I have curly brown hair.
email (n) ***	/'i:meɪl/	Email	Write an email to a friend about your weekend.
enjoy (v) ***	/ɪ'nɪdʒ/	geniessen	Lewis enjoys golf and swimming.
fitness (n) **	/'fitnəs/	Fitness	Lewis works hard on his physical and mental fitness .
food (n) ***	/fʊ:d/	Essen	Lewis loves spicy food .
goal (n) ***	/gəʊl/	Tor	Try to kick the ball into the goal .
golf (n) ***	/gɔlf/	Golf	Lewis also enjoys golf and swimming.
hear (v) ***	/hɪə/	hören	I hope to hear from you soon.
hip-hop (n)	/'hɪp,hop/	Hip-Hop	He likes hip-hop and R&B.
holiday(s) (n) ***	/'hɒlɪdeɪ(z)/	Ferien	Our summer holiday in Buenos Aires is from January to February.
jazz (n) *	/dʒæz/	Jazz	He loves jazz and blues.
mental (adj) ***	/'ment(ə)l/	mental	Lewis works hard on his physical and mental fitness.
motor racing (n)	/'məʊtə ,rəsɪŋ/	Motorsport	Lewis Hamilton is a motor racing star from Britain.
movies (n) *	/'mu:vi/	Film hier: Kino	In my free time I go to the movies .
net (n) ***	/net/	Netz	We can't play tennis - the court doesn't have a net .
newspaper (n) ***	/'nju:z,peɪpə/	Zeitung	Newspaper photographers like to take photos of Lewis.
outside (prep) ***	/,aʊt'saɪd/	ausserhalb	There are lots of newspaper photographers outside the cinema.
pm (= in the afternoon/evening)	/pi:'em/	Nachmittag	I go to school from 8am to 3.15 pm .
pool (= game) (n)	/pu:l/	Poolbillard	He plays pool with his brother Nic.
popular (adj) ***	/'pɔ:pjʊlə/	beliebt	Lewis Hamilton is very popular .
R&B (n)	/,aʊr'ən'bɪ:/	R'n'B	He likes hip-hop and R&B .
race (v) **	/reɪs/	rennen fahren	Lewis races all over the world.
rapper (n)	/'ræpə/	Rapper	His favourite rapper is P Diddy.
reggae (n)	/'regeɪ/	Reggae	He likes hip-hop, R&B and reggae .
regular (adj) ***	/'regjʊlə/	regelmässig	Talk about regular activities.
rock (music) (n) ***	/rɒk/	Rock(-musik)	We listen to music. We like rock and hip-hop.
skate (n) *	/skate/	Schlittschuh	Katya has some new skates !

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
soon (adv) ***	/su:n/	bald	I hope to hear from you soon .
south (n) ***	/sauθ/	Süden	We go to the beach at Mar del Plata, south of Buenos Aires.
spicy (adj)	/'spa:si/	würzig	Lewis loves Japanese food and all kinds of spicy food.
summer (n) ***	/'sʌmə/	Sommer	I play tennis in the summer and go skiing in the winter.
team (n) ***	/ti:m/	Team	Lewis works with his team on his car.
tennis racket (n)	/'tenɪs ,rækɪt/	Tennisschläger	Can I borrow a tennis racket ?
ten-pin bowling (n)	/'tenpɪn 'bəʊlɪŋ/	Bowling	Lewis goes ten-pin bowling with his mother.
weekday (n)	/'wɪkdeɪ/	Wochentag	On weekdays I get up at 7.30am.
What does he look like?	/,wɒt dəz hi: 'lʊk la:k/	Wie sieht er aus?	A What does he look like? B He has short black hair.
work hard	/,wɜ:k 'ha:d/	hart arbeiten	Lewis works hard on his physical fitness.
world (n) ***	/wɜ:ld/	Welt	Lewis races all over the world .
write (v) ***	/raɪt/	schreiben	Write questions and then answer them.
Inspiration Extra! (pages 46-47)			
eat (v) ***	/i:t/	essen	What do you eat at lunchtime?
know (v) ***	/nəʊ/	wissen	Do you know what time lunch is?
sleep (v) ***	/sli:p/	schlafen	I work all night and sleep all day.
Culture (pages 48-49)			
again (adv) ***	/ə'gen/	wieder	Look at the texts again and find the new words.
biology (n) *	/baɪ'ɒlədʒi/	Biologie	We study parts of the body in biology .
buy (v) ***	/baɪ/	kaufen	We have a 15-minute break and I buy a snack.
computer studies (n)	/kəm'pju:tə ,stʌdɪz/	Computerunterricht	I really like computer studies .
dad (n) **	/dæd/	Vater	My dad drives me to school at 7.15am.
drive (v) ***	/draɪv/	fahren	I get up at 6.30am and my dad drives me to school.
east (n) ***	/i:st/	Osten	I live in Buenos Aires, in the east of Argentina.
end (v) ***	/end/	enden	School starts at 8am and ends at 2pm.
free time	/'fri: ,taɪm/	Freizeit	In my free time I go to the movies.
fruit (n) ***	/fru:t/	Frucht	Bananas are my favourite fruit .
go rollerblading	/,gəʊ 'rəʊləblədɪŋ/	Rollschuh fahren gehen	In the summer I go rollerblading .
go skiing	/,gəʊ 'ski:ŋ/	Skifahren gehen	I play tennis in the summer and go skiing in the winter.
gymnastics (n)	/dʒɪm'næstɪks/	Gymnastik	Emiliano's favourite sport is gymnastics .
homework (n) *	/'həʊmə,wɜ:k/	Hausaufgaben	I do my homework in the evening.
lesson (n) ***	/'les(ə)n/	Unterrichtsstunde	We have seven 45-minute lessons a day.
long (40 minutes long) (adv) ***	/lɒŋ/	lang (dauern)	Our lessons are 40 minutes long .
meat (n) ***	/mi:t/	Fleisch	We usually have meat and salad, and then fruit.
meatball (n)	/'mi:t,bɔ:l/	Fleischkloss	We often have potatoes and meatballs .
north (n) ***	/nɔ:θ/	Norden	I live in Tallinn in the north -west of Estonia.
potato (n) **	/pə'teɪtəʊ/	Kartoffel	We often have potatoes and meatballs.
salad (n) **	/'sæləd/	Salat	We usually have meat and salad , and then fruit.
sea (n) ***	/sɪ:/	Meer	Our summer holiday is in August and we go to the Baltic Sea .
snack (n) *	/snæk/	Snack/(Zwischenmahlzeit)	We have a 15-minute break and I buy a snack .
soup (n) **	/su:p/	Suppe	We usually have soup for lunch.
sweatshirt (n)	/'swetʃɜ:t/	Sweatshirt/Pullover	I usually wear jeans with a sweatshirt .
uniform (n) **	/'ju:nɪfɔ:m/	Uniform	We wear a uniform to school.
visit (v) ***	/'vɪzɪt/	besuchen	In my free time I visit friends.
winter (n) ***	/'wɪntə/	Winter	I play tennis in the summer and go skiing in the winter .
UNIT 4 SIGHTSEEING			
Lesson 1 - How many ghosts are there? (pages 50-51)			
air (n) ***	/eə/	Luft	Can you see the people with their arms in the air ?
aquarium (n)	/ə'kweəriəm/	Aquarium	Is there an aquarium in Brighton?
art gallery (n)	/'a:t ,gæləri/	Kunstgalerie	There are lots of attractions, including the art gallery .
attraction (n) **	/ə'trækʃ(ə)n/	Sehenswürdigkeit	There are lots of attractions for teenagers.
blind (n)	/blaɪnd/	Rollladen	Do you have a blind or curtains in your room?
board (n) ***	/bɔ:d/	(Wand)Tafel	The teacher writes on the board .
boring (adj) **	/'bɔ:riŋ/	langweilig	Pierre thinks museums are boring but I love them!
café (n) **	/'kæfē/	Café	There are great shops, restaurants and cafés .
CD player (n)	/si:di: pleɪə/	CD-Spieler	We have a CD player in the classroom.
chair (n) ***	/tʃeə/	Stuhl	Sit on the chair by the table.

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
coast (n) ***	/kəʊst/	Küste	Brighton is on the south-east coast of England.
computer (n) ***	/kəm'pjju:tə/	Computer	Teresa uses her computer to chat to her friends.
desk (n) ***	/desk/	Schreibtisch	Do you have a desk in your room?
down (adv) ***	/daʊn/	herunter	She looked down at him.
end (n) ***	/end/	Ende	At the end of the pier there's a funfair.
exciting (adj) **	/ɪk'saɪtɪŋ/	aufregend	There's a funfair with exciting rides.
find out	/faɪnd 'aut/	herausfinden	Find out information about local facilities.
funfair (n)	/'fʌn,feɪə/	Jahrmarkt	There's a funfair with exciting rides.
ghost (n) **	/gəʊst/	Geist	There are lots of ghosts in these old narrow streets.
group (n) ***	/gru:p/	Gruppe	A guide is taking the group on a ghost walk.
including (prep) ***	/ɪn'klu:drɪŋ/	einschliesslich	There are musical instruments in the tomb, including a silver trumpet.
light(s) (n) ***	/læt/	Licht	Can you turn the light on please? I can't see.
museum (n) ***	/mju:zɪəm/	Museum	Katya thinks museums are boring.
narrow (adj) ***	/'nærəʊ/	schmal	There are lots of ghosts in these old narrow streets.
open-air (adj)	/,əʊpən 'eə/	freiluft	There's an open-air cinema on the beach.
pier (n) *	/pɪə/	Pier	Are there funfair rides on the pier ?
restaurant (n) ***	/'rest(ə)rənt/	Restaurant	There are great shops, restaurants and cafés.
ride (n) **	/raɪd/	Fahrt (Achterbahn)	There's a funfair with exciting rides .
scary (adj) *	/'skeəri/	gruselig	Do you think ghosts are scary ?
shark (n) *	/ʃa:k/	Hai	There's an aquarium with sharks and an underwater tunnel.
shop (n) ***	/ʃɒp/	Laden	There are great shops , restaurants and cafés.
sightseeing (n)	/sæt,si:ɪŋ/	Besichtigung (Sehenswürdigkeiten)	Read the sightseeing guide.
sign (n) ***	/sa:n/	Zeichen	See that sign ? That man is selling fish and chips.
There isn't time.	/,ðeər ɪzənt 'taɪm/	Es ist keine Zeit dafür.	A Can I finish my breakfast? B No, there isn't time .
tourist (n) ***	/'tuərɪst/	Tourist/in	The museum is very popular so it's often full of tourists .
tunnel (n) **	/'tʌn(ə)l/	Tunnel	There's an aquarium with sharks and an underwater tunnel .
up (adv, prep) ***	/ʌp/	hinauf	At the moment he is cycling up the coast of Argentina.
walk (n) ***	/wɔ:k/	Spaziergang	Jake wants to go on a ghost walk .
water sports (n pl)	/'wɔ:tə,sps:təs/	Wassersport	Where can you go for water sports ?
Lesson 2 - She's wearing a long grey coat (pages 52-53)			
actor (n) ***	/'ækτə/	Schauspieler/in	The woman in grey is an actor .
coat (n) ***	/kəut/	Mantel	She's wearing a long grey coat .
face (n) ***	/feɪs/	Gesicht	Her face is really white!
gold (adj) *	/gəuld/	golden	Teresa has blue jeans and gold sandals.
guide (n) ***	/ga:d/	Reiseführer	The guide is talking to the group.
hold (v) ***	/həuld/	halten	She's holding a red book.
lady (n) ***	/'leɪdi/	Dame	This theatre has a famous ghost called the Grey Lady .
line (n) ***	/laɪn/	hier: Text	The actor is learning his lines .
out of (prep)	/'aut ,əv/	aus	Paul is looking out of the window.
rain (v) **	/reɪn/	regnen	A It's rainy ! B You can use my umbrella.
scared (adj) **	/skeəd/	ängstlich	A Are you scared ? B Yes, I don't want to see a ghost!
stand (v) ***	/stænd/	stehen	We're standing outside the theatre.
theatre (n) ***	/'θɪətə/	Theater	She's an actor from the theatre .
wait (v) ***	/wet/	warten	Why are we waiting for Adam?
way (this way) (n)***	/weɪ/	Weg	There is a long way to go.
wear (v) ***	/weə/	tragen (Kleidung)	The woman is wearing a grey coat.
woman (pl women)(n) ***	/'wʊmən/	Frau	The woman in grey is an actor.
Lesson 3 - What's she doing? (pages 54-55)			
arm (n) ***	/a:m/	Arm	Can you see the people with their arms in the air?
clean your teeth	/,kli:n ja 'ti:θ/	Zähne putzen	Katya cleans her teeth after breakfast.
ear (n) ***	/ɪə/	Ohr	My dad has big ears .
eye (n) ***	/aɪ/	Auge	She has brown eyes and blonde hair.
finger (n) ***	/'fɪŋgə/	Finger	The tour guide has his finger in the air.
foot (pl feet) (n) ***	/fʊt/	Fuss (pl. Füsse)	He has big feet . They are size 12!
hair (n) ***	/heə/	Haar(e)	My grandfather has grey hair .
hand (n) ***	/hænd/	Hand	Katya is washing her hands .
head (n) ***	/hed/	Kopf	Look at the girl with a helmet on her head .

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
helmet (n) *	/'helmit/	Helm	When I go rollerblading I always wear a helmet .
hungry (adj) **	/'hʌŋgrɪ/	hungry	A Are you hungry ? B Yes, I haven't had lunch.
knee (n) ***	/ni:/	Knie	The girl is sitting on her grandfather's knee .
leg (n) ***	/leg/	Bein	My brother has long legs .
mouth (n) ***	/maʊθ/	Mund	The man has a big noise and a small mouth .
nose (n) ***	/nəʊz/	Nase	The man has a big nose and a small mouth .
part (= section) (n) ***	/pɑ:t/	Teil	A What part of the body is that? B It's an arm.
point (v) ***	/pɔɪnt/	zeigen	Katya is pointing at the bicycles.
rollerblade (v)	/'rəʊləbleɪd/	rollerbladen	She isn't running, she's rollerblading .
sell (v) ***	/sel/	verkaufen	That man is selling fish and chips.
smell (v) **	/smel/	riechen	I can smell food!
thumb (n) **	/θʌm/	Daumen	I have four fingers and a thumb on each hand.
toe (n) **	/təʊ/	Zehe	She is wearing sandals, so I can see her toes .
too (= as well) ***	/tu:/	auch	A He's selling chips. B Is he selling ice cream, too ?
tooth (pl teeth) (n) ***	/tuθ/	Zahn (pl. Zähne)	The actor's teeth are very white.
wash (v) ***	/wɔʃ/	waschen	Katya is washing her hands.
wash your hands	/,wɔʃ ʃə 'hændz/	Hände waschen	Katya washes her hands before she cooks.
yoga (n)	/'jɔ:gə/	Yoga	They're doing yoga .
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Describing places and activities (pages 56-57)			
amazing (adj) **	/ə'meɪzɪŋ/	unglaublich/toll	They're about 3,300 years old and they're amazing !
bedroom (n) ***	/'bedru:m/	Schlafzimmer	Can you describe your bedroom ?
chest of drawers (n)	/,tʃest əv 'drɔ:z/	Kommode	I put my clothes in a chest of drawers .
coffin (n) **	/'kɒfɪn/	Sarg	The coffin of the boy king is gold.
curtains (n pl) **	/'kɜ:tənz/	Vorhang	Do you have a blind or curtains in your room?
flower (n) ***	/'flaʊə/	Blumen	There are some beautiful flowers in his garden.
full of (adj) ***	/ful əv/	voller	The museum is very popular so it's often full of tourists.
jewellery (n) **	/'dʒu:əlri/	Schmuck	Everyone knows about the gold and jewellery in the tomb.
king (n) ***	/kɪŋ/	König	There is gold and jewellery in the tomb of the boy king .
magazine (n) ***	/,mægə'zi:n/	Zeitschrift	Emily is reading a magazine .
model (boat) (n) ***	/'mod(ə)l/	Modell(boot)	There are 35 model boats in the tomb.
object (n) ***	/'ɒbjekt/	Objekt	All the objects from Tutankhamun's tomb are gold.
poster (n) **	/'pəʊstə/	Poster	There are three posters on her wall.
silver (adj) **	/'sɪlvə/	silbern	There's a silver trumpet in the tomb.
table (n) ***	/'teɪb(ə)l/	Tisch	There are two chairs by the table .
tomb (n) *	/tʊ:m/	Grabstätte	All the objects from Tutankhamun's tomb are gold.
town (n) ***	/taʊn/	Reprints - move from unit 3	Is there a cinema in your town ?
treasure (n) **	/'trezə/	Schatz	Tutankhamun's treasures are in Egypt.
trumpet (n) *	/'trʌmpɪt/	Trompete	There are musical instruments in the tomb, including a trumpet .
wardrobe (n) *	/'wɔ:d्रəʊb/	Kleiderschrank	He puts his shirts in a wardrobe .
weigh (v) **	/wei/	wiegen	The coffin weighs over 110 kilos.
wonderful (adj) ***	/'wʌndəf(ə)l/	wundervoll	It's a wonderful place to visit.
Inspiration Extra! (pages 58-59)			
skateboard (v)	/'skate,bɔ:d/	skaten	We skateboard at the skate-park.
UNIT 5 PEOPLE AND PLACES			
Lesson 1 - I'm having a wonderful time (pages 64-65)			
around (prep) ***	/ə'raʊnd/	rund um	Dolphins are playing around the boat.
at the moment	/,æt ðə 'məʊmənt/	im Moment	She's having her lunch at the moment .
cleaner (n) *	/'kli:nə/	Reinigungskraft	My mother is a cleaner . She cleans offices.
coffee (n) ***	/'kofi/	Kaffee	We have coffee and toast for breakfast.
conference (n) ***	/'kɔnf(ə)rəns/	Konferenz	My mother translates English into Russian at conferences .
doctor (n) ***	/'dɒktə/	Arzt/Arzttin	She's a doctor at the hospital.
dolphin (n) *	/'dɒlfɪn/	Delfin	Dolphins are playing around the boat.
electrician (n)	/i,lek'trɪʃ(ə)n/	Elektriker/in	My father is an electrician so he can mend the light.
firefighter (n)	/'faɪə,faɪtə/	Feuerwehrmann/-frau	My brother is a firefighter .
fly (v) ***	/flaɪ/	fliegen	Steven is flyng to Brazil.
go to sleep	/,gəʊ tə 'slɪ:p/	schlafen gehen	He goes to sleep at 10pm.
hairdresser (n) *	/'heə,dresə/	Friseur/in	Anna always has lovely hair because her mother is a hairdresser .

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
happen (v) ***	/'hæpən/	passieren	Use the present continuous to talk about what is happening now.
have a wonderful time	/hæv ə ,wʌndəfl 'taɪm/	eine wundervolle Zeit haben	She's having a wonderful time on holiday.
hospital (n) ***	/'hɒspɪtl/	Spital	Emily's mother works at Brighton hospital .
hurt (adj)	/hɜ:t/	verletzt	She looks after people who are ill or hurt .
ill (adj) ***	/ɪl/	krank	She looks after people who are ill or hurt.
interpreter (n) *	/ɪn'tɜ:prɪtə/	Dolmetscher/in	Her mother is an interpreter . She can speak German and French.
journalist (n) **	/'dʒɜ:nlɪst/	Journalist/in	He's a journalist . He works for the local newspaper.
look after (v)	/lʊk 'a:fə/	aufpassen auf	She looks after people who are ill or hurt.
midday (n) *	/,mɪd'deɪ/	Mittag	At midday I start cooking lunch.
middle (n) ***	/'mɪd(ə)l/	Mitte	Hello from the middle of the Atlantic Ocean!
model (n & v) ***	/'mɒd(ə)l/	Model/modell	Kate Moss is a model and designer. / She models and designs clothes.
musician (n) **	/'mju:zɪən/	Musiker/in	Simon is a musician . He plays the piano and the trumpet.
news (n) ***	/'nju:z/	Nachrichten	We listen to the news on the radio.
noon (n) *	/nu:n/	Mittag	She starts cooking lunch at noon .
nurse (n) ***	/nɜ:s/	Krankenschwester/-pfleger	Maria is a nurse at the hospital.
outside (adv) ***	/,aʊt'saɪd/	draussen	I sit outside and look at the stars.
pilot (n) ***	/'paɪəlt/	Pilot/in	He's a pilot . He flies planes.
plane (n) ***	/pleɪn/	Flugzeug	He flies planes to South-east Asia.
police (n pl) ***	/'pə:li:s/	Polizei	Jake's father works for the Washington DC police .
police officer (n) *	/'pə:li:s ,ɒfɪsə/	Polizist/in	He's a police officer for the Washington DC police.
radio (n) ***	/'rediəʊ/	Radio	We listen to the news on the radio .
sail (v) **	/seɪl/	segeln	Cathy is sailing to Spain.
shine (v) **	/ʃaɪn/	scheinen	The sun is shining and it's hot.
shop (v) **	/ʃɒp/	einkaufen	When you are shopping , do you ask for help?
shop assistant (n)	/'ʃɒp ə,sɪstənt/	Verkäufer/in	She is a shop assistant in a clothes shop.
star (in the sky) (n)***	/sta:/	Stern	I sit outside and look at the stars .
sun (n) ***	/sʌn/	Sonne	The sun is shining and it's hot.
sunbathe (v)	/'sʌn,beɪð/	sonnenbaden	In the afternoon, we read and sunbathe .
sunny (adj) *	/'sʌni/	sonnig	What's the weather like today? Is it sunny or rainy?
taxi-driver (n)	/'tæksi,draɪvə/	Taxifahrer/in	He is a taxi-driver in the city centre.
tea (n) ***	/ti:/	Tee	They have tea and toast for breakfast.
teacher (n) ***	/'tɪ:tʃə/	Lehrer/in	Your mother is a teacher at my school!
toast (n) *	/təʊst/	Toast	They have tea and toast for breakfast.
translate (v) **	/træns'lert/	übersetzen	My mother translates English into Russian at conferences.
typical (adj) ***	/'tɪpɪk(ə)l/	typisch	What's a typical day like at sea?
waiter (n) *	/'weɪtə/	Kellner/in	He's a waiter in an Indian restaurant.
weather (n) ***	/'weðə/	Wetter	What's the weather like today? Is it hot?
Lesson 2 - Whose turn is it? (pages 66-67)			
crisps (n pl) *	/krɪspz/	Kartoffelchips	A Whose are the crisps ? B They're mine.
cross (adj)	/krɒs/	wütend	Don't get cross , Jake. It's only a game.
earring (n) *	/'ɪərɪŋ/	Ohrring	Adam wears an earring .
games console (n)	/'germz ,kɒnsəl/	Spielkonsole	The group are playing a video game on a games console .
get (= become) (v) ***	/get/	werden	Don't get cross, Jake. It's only a game.
Good idea.	/gʊd ə:dɪə/	Gute Idee	A We have two remotes so we can have two teams. B Good idea!
idea (n) ***	/ə:dɪə/	Idee	A We can all play at the same time. B Good idea!
next (adv) ***	/nekst/	nächste/r	Who wants to play next ?
remote (n)	/rɪ'meɪt/	Fernbedienung (Kontroller)	We have two remotes so we can have two teams.
Well done!	/,wel 'dʌn/	Gut gemacht!	A I've finished my project! B Well done!
Lesson 3 - It's sunnier (pages 68-69)			
ago (prep) ***	/ə'gəʊ/	vor	The sea is higher than 100 years ago .
autumn (n) ***	/'ɔ:təm/	Herbst	The four seasons are spring, summer, autumn and winter.
bad (adj) ***	/bæd/	schlecht	The weather today is bad in London.
cause (n) ***	/kɔ:z/	Ursache	The way we use energy from oil and coal is a cause of climate change.
centimetre (cm) (n)	/'sentɪ,mɪ:tə/	Zentimeter	Around Britain the sea is 10 ^{cm} higher than in 1900.
central (adj) ***	/'sentrəl/	zentral	Central England is 1°C hotter than 30 years ago.
change (n & v) ***	/tʃeɪndʒ/	Änderung/ändern	Changes in temperature are new. / Is there anything you want to change ?
climate change (n)	/'klaɪmət ,tʃeɪndʒ/	Klimaveränderung	What can we do about climate change ?

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
cloudy (adj)	/'klaudi/	bewölkt	In Brighton it's very cloudy and it's windy.
coal (n) ***	/kəʊl/	Kohle	The way we use energy from oil and coal is a cause of climate change.
cold (adj) ***	/kəuld/	kalt	What's the weather like today? Is it hot or cold ?
compare (v) ***	/kəm'peə/	vergleichen	Compare your score with other students' scores.
difficult (adj) ***	/'dɪfɪkt(ə)lt/	schwierig	Rain is a more difficult problem than temperature.
dry (adj) ***	/draɪ/	trocken	The weather is usually dry in summer - it doesn't rain.
energy (n) ***	/'enədʒi/	Energie	The way we use energy from oil and coal is a cause of climate change.
expand (v) ***	/ɪk'spænd/	ausdehnen	Water expands and ice melts in warmer weather.
foggy (adj)	/'fogi/	neblig	It is difficult to drive when it is foggy - you can't see!
for example	/fər ɪg'zə:mpl/	Zum Beispiel	Ask simple questions. For example: What's your name?
high (adj) ***	/haɪ/	hoch	Around Britain the sea is 10cm higher than in 1900.
hot (adj) ***	/hɒt/	heiss	What's the weather like today? Is it hot or cold?
ice (n) ***	/aɪs/	Eis	Water expands and ice melts in warmer weather.
island (n) ***	/'aɪlənd/	Insel	The Maldives has 1,192 islands .
man-made (adj)	/,mæn'meɪd/	menschengemacht	This is one cause of climate change – and it's man-made .
melt (v) **	/melt/	schmelzen	Water expands and ice melts in warmer weather.
northern (adj) ***	/'nɔ:ðən/	nördlich	The weather is wetter in winter in northern Europe.
oil (n) ***	/ɔɪl/	Öl	The way we use energy from oil and coal is a cause of climate change.
planet (n) **	/'plænɪt/	Planet	We are making the planet hotter.
rain (n & v) ***	/reɪn/	Regen/regnen	Rain is a more difficult problem than temperature. / We don't know how much it rains over the sea.
rainy (adj)	/'reɪni/	regnerisch	What's the weather like today? Is it sunny or rainy ?
scientist (n) ***	/'sæəntɪst/	Wissenschaftler/in	Scientists are sure that what is happening to the planet now is different.
sea level (n)	/'sɪ: ˈlevl/	Meeresspiegel	The sea level varies in different parts of the world.
snowy (adj)	/'snəui/	verschneit	It's cold and snowy in winter.
spring (n) ***	/sprɪŋ/	Frühling	In Britain, spring begins in March.
temperature (n) ***	/'temprɪtʃə/	Temperatur	World temperatures are 0.6°C higher than 100 years ago.
tropics (n pl)	/'trɒptɪks/	Tropen	In the tropics it's drier in summer than before.
vary (v) ***	/'veəri/	variierten	The sea level varies in different parts of the world.
warm (adj) ***	/wɔ:rm/	warm	Ice melts in warm weather.
wet (adj) ***	/wet/	nass	London is wetter than Cairo.
windy (adj) *	/'wɪndi/	windig	In Brighton it's very cloudy and it's windy .
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Questionnaire (pages 70-71)			
alone (adv) ***	/'ə'ləʊn/	alleine	You are quite happy when you are alone .
brackets (n) *	/'brækɪts/	Klammern	Put brackets around the area code.
capital letter (n)	/,kæptɪtl 'letə/	Grossbuchstaben	Don't forget a capital letter for the first letter of your name.
careful (adj) ***	/'keəf(ə)l/	vorsichtig	You are quiet and careful .
comma (n) *	/'kɒmə/	Komma	Use commas in long sentences.
confident (adj) **	/'kɒnfɪd(ə)nt/	selbstbewusst	You are a confident person. You aren't at all shy.
discuss (v) ***	/dɪ'skʌs/	diskutieren	When you are angry with someone do you discuss the problem?
exclamation mark (n)	/eksklə'meɪʃn ,ma:k/	Ausrufezeichen	Use an exclamation mark after the word 'Wow'.
fold (your arms) (v) **	/'fəʊld/	deine/die Arme verschränken	Don't fold your arms when you speak to your teacher.
friendly (adj) ***	/'frendlɪ/	freundlich	You are a friendly , open, helpful person.
full stop (n) *	/'fʊl stop/	Punkt	Don't forget a full stop at the end of a sentence.
funny (adj) ***	/'fʌni/	lustig	When you see something funny do you laugh a lot?
happy (adj) ***	/'hæpi/	glücklich	You are quite happy when you are alone.
helpful (adj) **	/'helpf(ə)l/	hilfsbereit	You are a friendly, open, helpful person.
hyphen (n)	/'haɪf(ə)n/	Bindestrich	There's a hyphen in the word taxi-driver.
important (adj) ***	/'ɪm'pɔ:t(ə)nt/	wichtig	Choose two places and note down important information.
laugh (v) ***	/'la:t/	lachen	When you see something funny, do you laugh ?
nothing (pron) ***	/'nʌθɪŋ/	nichts	He's a quiet boy. He says nothing !
open (adj) ***	/'əʊpən/	offen	You are a friendly, open , helpful person.
personality test (n)	/pɜ:sə'næləti _test/	Persönlichkeitstest	Do the personality test and discuss with a partner.
question mark (n) *	/'kwestʃn ,ma:k/	Fragezeichen	Don't forget the question mark at the end of a question.
quickly (adv) ***	/'kwɪkli/	schnell	You think quickly and tell others what to do!
quiet (adj) ***	/'kwaɪət/	ruhig	You are quiet and careful.
score (n) ***	/'skɔ:/	Punktestand	Compare your score with other people's scores.
serious (adj) ***	/'sɪriəs/	ernst	You are a serious person and think a lot before you do something.

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
shout (v) ***	/ʃaut/	schreien	When you are angry with people, do you shout at them?
shy (adj) *	/ʃaɪ/	schüchtern	You are a confident person. You aren't at all shy .
smile (v) ***	/smail/	lächeln	When you see something funny, do you smile ?
touch (v) ***	/tʌtʃ/	berühren	When you speak to someone, do you touch your face?
Inspiration Extra! (pages 72-73)			
degree (n) ***	/dɪ'grɪ:/	Grad	The temperature is 15 degrees .
snow (n & v) ***	/snəʊ/	Schnee/schneien	Does it snow in winter?
Culture (pages 74-75)			
Bless you!	/'bles ju:/	Gesundheit! (nach niesen)	A. What do you say when someone sneezes? B Bless you!
crazy (adj) **	/'krɛzɪ/	verrückt	He's crazy !
fabulous (adj) *	/'fæbjʊləs/	fabelhaft	Have a fabulous time!
feel (v) ***	/fi:l/	fühlen	He's feeling ill.
gesture (n) **	/'dʒestʃə/	Geste	There are more than 700,000 different gestures in the world!
good luck	/'gud 'lʌk/	Viel Glück	A I have an exam tomorrow. B Good luck!
Goodbye. *	/'gʊd'bəɪ/	Auf Wiedersehen.	Say goodbye to Katya. She is leaving.
guy (n) **	/gar/	Reprints - move from unit 4	He's a great guy .
have a word	/,hæv ə 'wɜ:d/	mit jemandem sprechen	Can I have a word with you, please?
How do you do?	/,haʊ də ju 'du:/	Wie geht es dir? (Standartfrage bei Begrüssung)	I'm Sara Jones. How do you do?
look for (v)	/'lʊk ,fɔ:, fə/	suchen	I'm looking for my wallet.
meaning (n) ***	/'mi:niŋ/	Bedeutung	I don't know the meaning of this gesture.
sneeze (v)	/snɪ:z/	niesen	A What do you say when someone sneezes ? B Bless you.
What do you do?	/,wɒt də ju 'du:/	Was machst du (beruflich)?	A What do you do? B I'm a doctor.
UNIT 6 LOOKING BACK			
Lesson 1 - Was he the first president? (pages 76-77)			
artist (n) ***	/'a:tɪst/	Künstler/in	The artist Salvador Dali was from Spain.
castle (n) **	/'ka:s(e)l/	Schloss	A prince called Dracula lived in a castle in Transylvania.
champion (n) ***	/'tʃæmpɪən/	Champion	At the age of 17 she was a Wimbledon tennis champion .
clue (n) **	/klu:/	Hinweis	Archaeologists found lots of clues about Viking life.
decide (v) ***	/dɪ'saɪd/	entscheiden	The men decided to find and kill Dracula.
host (n) **	/həʊst/	Gastgeber	Was Brazil the host country of the 2008 Olympic games?
moon (n) **	/mu:n/	Mond	Who were the first people on the moon ?
on my own	/,ɒn mər 'əʊn/	alleine	There was no one there. I was on my own .
park (n) ***	/pɑ:k/	Park	She was in the park .
president (n) ***	/'prezɪdənt/	Präsident/in	Who was the first president of the USA?
quiz (n) *	/kwɪz/	Quiz	Do the quiz with two other students.
shopping centre (n)	/'ʃɒpɪŋ ,səntə/	Einkaufszentrum	Katya and Teresa go to the shopping centre .
strong (adj) ***	/strɒŋ/	stark	Vikings were strong and tall, with fair hair and blue eyes.
volcano (n) *	/vɒl'keɪnəʊ/	Vulkan	Pompeii was a Roman town, near a volcano .
win (v) ***	/wɪn/	gewinnen	Was Marie Curie the first woman to win a Nobel Prize?
yesterday (adv) ***	/'jestədeɪ/	gestern	Write an email to a friend about what you did yesterday .
Lesson 2 - The Vikings liked music (pages 78-79)			
Africa	/'æfrɪkə/	Afrika	Mount Kilimanjaro is a mountain in Africa .
archaeologist (n) *	/,ə:kɪ'ɒlədʒɪst/	Archäologe/Archäologin	In the 1970s, archaeologists in Britain found clues about Viking life.
Asia	/'eɪsɪə/	Asien	Vikings went east through Europe to Asia .
beer (n) ***	/bɪə/	Bier	Vikings made bread and they drank beer .
board game (n)	/'bɔ:d ,geɪm/	Brettspiel	Vikings liked music and played board games .
bread (n) ***	/bred/	Brot	Vikings made bread and they drank beer.
carry (v) ***	/'kæri/	tragen	Lucy is carrying a bag and an umbrella.
come from (v)	/'kʌm ,frəm/	kommen aus	The Vikings came from Scandinavia.
dice game (n)	/'daɪs ,geɪm/	Würfelspiel	Vikings played board games and dice games .
dress (n) ***	/dres/	Kleid	Viking women wore long dresses .
drink (v) ***	/drɪŋk/	trinken	Vampires attack people at night and drink their blood.
DVD (n) **	/dɪ: vi: 'di:/	DVD	We watched a DVD .
Europe	/juərəp/	Europa	Vikings went east through Europe to Asia.
explorer (n)	/ɪk'splɔ:rə/	Entdecker	The Vikings were great explorers .
fair (hair) (adj) ***	/feə/	hell	Vikings were strong and tall, with fair hair and blue eyes.
false (adj) **	/fɔ:ls/	unwahr	Are the sentences true or false ?

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
land (n) ***	/lænd/	Land	The Vikings wanted to steal gold, silver and land .
North America	/,nɔ:θ ə'merɪkə/	Nordamerika	Some Vikings lived in Iceland, Greenland and even North America !
only (adj) ***	/'əʊnlɪ/	einzig	Britain wasn't the only country they visited.
pirate (n)	/'pærət/	Pirat	The word Viking means pirate .
ship (n) ***	/ʃɪp/	Schiff	Vikings had fantastic ships .
silver (n) **	/'sɪlvə/	Silber	The Vikings wanted to steal gold, silver and land.
South America	/,sauθ ə'merɪkə/	Südamerika	Chile and Argentina are countries in South America .
steal (v) ***	/stɪ:l/	stehlen	The Vikings wanted to steal gold, silver and land.
tall (adj) ***	/tɔ:l/	gross	Vikings were strong and tall , with fair hair and blue eyes.
through (prep) ***	/θru:/	durch	Pierre walked through the Lanes.
true (adj) ***	/tru:/	richtig	Are the sentences true or false?
vegetable (n) ***	/'vedʒtəb(ə)l/	Gemüse	Vikings ate meat and lots of fish, fruit and vegetables .
Lesson 3 - Did he say sorry? (pages 80-81)			
agree (v) ***	/ə'gri:/	zustimmen	They agreed to meet outside the cinema at 7pm.
all right ***	/,ɔ:l 'raɪt/	in Ordnung	Well, everything's all right now.
angry (adj) ***	/'æŋgri/	wütend	I'm sorry I got angry .
call (= phone) (v) ***	/kɔ:l/	anrufen	Pierre called Adam on his mobile.
cross (adj)	/krɔ:s/	verärgert	Well, to be honest, I was quite cross .
cycle (v) *	/'sæk(ə)l/	Rad fahren	Adam cycled straight to the cinema.
forward (adv) **	/'fɔ:wəd/	vorwärts	The girl took two steps forward .
go back (v)	/,gəu 'bæk/	zurückkehren	Mina and Lucy went back to London.
happy (adj) ***	/'hæpi/	glücklich	I feel really happy today!
last (night) (adj) ***	/lə:st/	letzte (Nacht)	Rafael didn't watch TV last night.
lose (v) ***	/lu:z/	verlieren	Lost it? How did he lose it?
minibus (n)	/'mɪnɪ,bʌs/	Minibus	The group went by minibus to Devil's Dyke.
no one (pron) ***	/nəu wʌn/	niemand	When he opened his eyes, there was no one there.
return (v) ***	/rɪ'tɜ:n/	wiederkehren	The group returned to Brighton after their visit.
sad (adj) ***	/sæd/	traurig	He's sad because he didn't win.
scared (adj) **	/skeəd/	verängstigt	Harker was scared and he wanted to leave the castle.
step (n) ***	/step/	Schritt	The girl took two steps forward.
straight (adv) ***	/streɪt/	direkt	Adam cycled straight to the cinema.
surprised (adj) ***	/sə'prɔɪzd/	überrascht	When I saw the film star in the shop I was very surprised !
to be honest	/tu bi: 'ɒnɪst/	um ehrlich zu sein	To be honest , I was quite cross.
turn (v) ***	/tɜ:n/	drehen	Then she turned and looked down at him.
What's the matter?	/,wɔts ðə 'mætə/	Was ist los?	What's the matter , Pierre? Everything OK?
worried (adj) ***	/'wʌrid/	besorgt	I'm worried about malaria.
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Telling a story			
almost (adv) ***	/'ɔ:l'məʊst/	fast	They went out late. It was almost dark!
attack (v) ***	/ə'tæk/	attackieren	They believed that vampires attacked people at night.
become (v) ***	/br'kʌm/	werden	Lucy became very ill and died.
blood (n) ***	/blɒd/	Blut	Vampires attack people at night and drink their blood .
by (train) (prep) ***	/bə/	per (Zug)	The group went by minibus to Devil's Dyke.
crash (v) **	/kræʃ/	krachen	One night a boat crashed onto the beach.
dead (adj) ***	/dɛd/	tot	They killed the vampire. Dracula was dead .
die (v) ***	/daɪ/	sterben	Lucy was very ill and died .
dog (n) ***	/dɒg/	Hund	Look at that huge dog – it jumped out of the boat!
escape (v) ***	/ɪ'skeɪp/	entkommen	Finally, Harker escaped from Dracula's castle.
finally (adv) ***	/'fæn(ə)li/	Endlich	Finally , Harker escaped from Dracula's castle.
huge (adj) ***	/hju:dʒ/	riesig	Look at that huge dog!
jump (v) ***	/dʒʌmp/	springen	A teenager jumped into the river to save a tourist.
kill (v) ***	/kɪl/	töten	The men decided to find and kill Dracula.
kiss (v) ***	/kɪs/	küssen	Dracula visited Mina and kissed her neck.
meanwhile (adv) ***	/'mi:n,wə:wl/	mittlerweile	Meanwhile , Mina was on holiday with her friend, Lucy.
prince (n) **	/prɪns/	Prinz	A real prince called Dracula lived in the castle.
real (adj) ***	/rɪəl/	echt	A real prince called Dracula lived in the castle.
save (v) ***	/seɪv/	retten	They killed the vampire and saved Mina's life.
storm (n) **	/stɔ:m/	Sturm	It's a terrible storm !

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
story (n) ***	/'stɔ:ri/	Geschichte	In 1897, Bram Stoker wrote his famous story , Dracula.
strange (adj) ***	/streɪndʒ/	seltsam	Strange things happened in the castle.
terrible (adj) ***	/'terəb(ə)l/	furchtbar	It's a terrible storm!
train (n) ***	/treɪn/	Zug	Mina went to Transylvania by train .
vampire (n)	/'væmpaɪə/	Vampir	Vampires attack people at night and drink their blood.
Inspiration Extra! (pages 84-85)			
across (prep) ***	/ə'krɒs/	über	The aim is to win three squares in a line (across , down or diagonally).
at first (adv)	/ət 'fɜ:st/	Zuerst	At first no one thought it was a problem.
together (adv) ***	/tə'geðə/	zusammen	Work in pairs to write stories together .
UNIT 7 TAKING ACTION			
Lesson 1 - What are you going to do? (pages 90-91)			
accident (n) ***	/'æksɪd(ə)nt/	Unfall	His father had an accident at work.
ambulance (n) **	/'æmbjʊləns/	Ambulanz	They called an ambulance because he was very ill.
barbecue (n) *	/'ba:bɪ,kju:/	Grillfest	She wants Pierre to be at the barbecue .
because (conj) ***	/'brɪ'kɒz/	weil	Mosquitoes are dangerous because their bites can give you malaria.
competition (n) ***	/,kɒmpə'tɪʃ(ə)n/	Wettbewerb	You won the competition !
correct (adj) ***	/kə'rekt/	korrekt/richtig	Is this sentence correct ?
go out (v)	/,gəʊt 'aʊt/	ausgehen	Please finish your homework before you go out .
hospital (n) ***	/'hɒspɪt(ə)l/	Spital	He's in hospital and they're going to X-ray his leg.
hurt (v) (v) ***	/hɜ:t/	verletzt	He had an accident and hurt his leg.
look (worried) (v) ***	/lʊk/	(besorgt) aussehen	Are you OK? Why do you look worried?
plan (n) ***	/plæn/	Plan	What are your future plans ?
prize (n) ***	/praɪz/	Preis	The prize is a week's holiday in New York!
programme (= TV) (n) ***	/'prəʊgræm/	Programm	She wants you to be on a TV programme about teenage life!
ring back (v)	/,rɪŋ 'bæk/	zurückrufen	We want to speak to you. Please ring back .
turn on (a computer) (v)	/tɜ:n 'ɒn/	anschalten	Why is Adam turning on the computer?
unhappy (adj) **	/ʌn'haepi/	unglücklich	I wonder why Ruby looks unhappy .
x-ray (n & v) *	/eks'reɪ/	Röntgenaufnahme/röntgen	The doctor looked at the x-ray . / He's in hospital and they're going to x-ray his leg.
Lesson 2 - She loves skateboarding (pages 92-93)			
chess (n) *	/tʃes/	Schach	Do you want to play chess ?
dancing (n) *	/da:nσɪŋ/	Tanzen	Johnny Depp doesn't like dancing .
dangerous (adj) ***	/'deɪndʒərəs/	gefährlich	Is the cobra the most dangerous animal in the world?
dive (v) **	/daɪv/	tauchen	When the falcon dives down it flies at 389 km an hour.
drawing (n) ***	/'drɔ:ɪŋ/	Zeichnen	I hate drawing . I can't draw anything!
fishing (n) **	/'fi:ʃɪŋ/	Fischen	I like fishing with my dad.
ice hockey (n)	/'aɪs ,hɔ:ki/	Eishockey	Ice hockey is a fast and dangerous sport.
knit (v) **	/nɪt/	stricken	My grandmother knits pullovers and scarves.
knitting (n) *	/nɪtɪŋ/	Stricken	I love knitting . I make scarves and pullovers.
mind (v) ***	/maɪnd/	dagegen haben	I don't mind swimming in cold water.
painting (n) ***	/'peɪnτɪŋ/	Malen	Johnny Depp likes reading and painting .
riding (n)	/'raɪdɪŋ/	Reiten	I love riding and we're going to go on a ranch holiday.
rollerblading (n)	/'rəʊlə,bleɪdɪŋ/	Rollschuh fahren	I like skateboarding but I hate rollerblading .
sailing (n)	/'seɪlɪŋ/	Segeln	I like sailing . I sail with my grandfather in a small boat.
skateboarding (n)	/'sket,bɔ:rdɪŋ/	Skateboarden	I like skateboarding but I hate rollerblading.
skydiving (n)	/'skar,darvɪŋ/	Fallschirmspringen	Orlando Bloom really likes skydiving .
snowboarding (n)	/'snəʊ,bɔ:rdɪŋ/	Snowboarden	He likes skiing and he loves snowboarding .
surfing (n)	/'sɜ:fɪŋ/	Surfen	Newquay hosts international surfing championships.
swimming (n) *	/'swɪmɪŋ/	Schwimmen	We enjoy swimming in the sea and at the swimming pool.
Lesson 3 - The most dangerous animal (pages 94-95)			
animal (n) ***	/'ænɪm(ə)l/	Tier	In India, the most dangerous animal is a snake.
as well as	/əz 'wel əz/	sowie auch	The cheetah is the fastest animal as well as one of the most beautiful.
bird (n) ***	/bɜ:d/	Vogel	In the air the falcon is the fastest bird .
bite (n) *	/baɪt/	Biss	Mosquito bites can give you malaria.
cat (n) ***	/kæt/	Katze	We have two pets. A dog and a cat .
cheetah (n)	/'tʃi:tə/	Gepard	The cheetah is the fastest land animal.
cobra (n)	/'kəʊbə/	Kobra	The cobra is a dangerous snake.
cow (n) **	/kau/	Kuh	Milk comes from cow s.

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
disease (n) ***	/dɪ'zɪ:z/	Krankheit	Mostly children die from the disease .
dog (n) ***	/dɒg/	Hund	The most popular pets in our class are dogs .
elephant (n) *	/'elfənt/	Elefant	The elephant is larger than the hippo.
falcon (n)	/'fɔ:lkn/	Falke	In the air the falcon is the fastest bird.
fast (adj) ***	/fɑ:st/	schnell	Most people know that the cheetah is the fastest land animal.
flight (n) ***	/flaɪt/	Flug	A falcon has a speed of 100 kilometres an hour in level flight .
giraffe (n) *	/dʒɔ:rə:f/	Giraffe	The giraffe is the tallest animal. It has a long neck.
hippo (n)	/'hɪpəʊ/	Nilpferd	A hippo can open its mouth one metre wide.
horse (n) ***	/hɔ:s/	Pferd	Can you ride a horse ?
ill (adj) ***	/ɪl/	krank	Some malaria medicines make you feel ill .
insect (n) **	/'ɪnsekt/	Insekt	The most dangerous animal in the world is an insect - a mosquito!
level (adj) **	/'lev(ə)l/	horizontal(flug)	The falcon can fly 100 km an hour in level flight.
lion (n) **	/'laɪən/	Löwe	Hippos kill more people than lions .
malaria (n)	/mə'lærɪə/	Malaria	You get malaria from a mosquito bite.
monkey (n) *	/'mʌŋki/	Affe	Monkeys are a lot like people.
mosquito (n)	/mɒ'ski:təʊ/	Mücke	You get malaria from a mosquito bite.
most (adv) ***	/məʊst/	meist	Which animal is the most dangerous?
mostly (adv) ***	/'məʊstɪli/	meistens	1 million people, mostly children in hot countries, die from malaria.
octopus (n)	/'ɒktəpəs/	Tintenfisch	I really don't like octopus !
parrot (n) *	/'pærət/	Papagei	Parrots are beautiful birds and some can speak!
penguin (n)	/'pɛngwɪn/	Pinguin	Penguins are the only birds which can swim but can't fly.
pet (n) **	/pet/	Haustier	A Do you have a pet ? B Yes, we have a dog.
polar bear (n)	/'pɔ:təl beə/	Eisbär	Polar bears are big, dangerous animals that live in the Arctic.
rabbit (n) **	/'ræbɪt/	Hase	Rabbits have long ears and are popular pets.
sailfish (n)	/'seɪl,fɪʃ/	Fächerfisch	The sailfish is only 2km an hour slower than the cheetah.
shark (n) *	/'ʃa:k/	Hai	We're all scared of sharks , but they don't kill many people.
sheep (n) ***	/'ʃi:p/	Schaf	Sheep are black or white animals that live in fields.
slow (adj) ***	/sloʊ/	langsam	The sailfish is only 2km an hour slower than the cheetah.
snake (n) *	/'sneɪk/	Schlange	The Indian cobra is a dangerous snake !
speed (n) ***	/spi:d/	Geschwindigkeit	It's the fastest bird, with a speed of 100 km an hour.
tiger (n) *	/'taɪgə/	Tiger	Tigers are orange and black and very beautiful.
ugly (adj) **	/'ʌglɪ/	hässlich	Ugly is the opposite of beautiful.
whale (n) **	/weɪl/	Wal	I want to go on a whale -watching holiday.
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Messages (pages 96-97)			
adult (n) ***	/'ædʌlt, ə'dʌlt/	Erwachsene/r	Where's the best cowboy ranch for teenagers and adults ?
aunt (n) ***	/a:nt/	Tante	I'm going to visit my aunt and uncle in Kenya.
championship (n) ***	/'tʃæmpionʃɪp/	Meisterschaft	Newquay hosts international surfing championships .
cowboy (n)	/'kau,bɔɪ/	Cowboy	You can help the cowboys on the ranch.
excellent (adj) ***	/'eksələnt/	exzellent	I want to go to the restaurant because the food is excellent .
finish (v) ***	/'fɪnɪʃ/	beenden	Please finish your homework before you go out.
have fun	/,hæv 'fʌn/	Spass haben	We had fun last year in Aspen.
medicine (n) **	/'med(ə)s(ə)n/	Medizin	Some malaria medicines make you feel ill.
ranch (n)	/rɑ:ntʃ/	Farm	We're going to go on a cowboy ranch holiday.
suggest (v) ***	/'sə:dʒɛst/	vorschlagen	What do you suggest I do now?
surf (n & v) *	/sɜ:f/	Surfen/surfen	The surf and beaches are great! This year I want to learn how to surf .
take medicine	/,teɪk 'medsn/	Medikamente nehmen	Don't forget to take your medicine .
travel (n & v) ***	/'træv(ə)l/	Reise/reisen	Kim is a travel expert. / When is the best time to travel there?
uncle (n) **	/'ʌŋk(ə)l/	Onkel	I'm going to visit my aunt and uncle in Kenya.
way (n) ***	/weɪ/	Weg	The best way to learn Spanish is to live with a Spanish family.
Inspiration Extra! (pages 98-99)			
camel (n)	/'kæm(ə)l/	Kamel	On holiday I rode a camel across the Sahara Desert!
kangaroo (n)	/,kæŋgə'ru:/	Känguru	Kangaroos come from Australia.
winner (n) ***	/'wɪnə/	Gewinner	The first person to complete the chart is the winner .
young (adj) ***	/jʌŋ/	jung	I am the youngest in my family and my grandfather is the oldest!
Culture (pages 100-101)			
back (at the back) (n)***	/bæk/	hinten	In the photo, Pama Kondo is second from the left at the back .
fast food (n) *	/,fa:st 'fu:d/	Fast Food	Do you eat a lot of frozen food or fast food ?

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
frozen food (n)	/,frəʊzn 'fu:d/	Tiefkühlprodukt	Do you eat a lot of frozen food or fast food?
grain (n) **	/greɪn/	Korn	Porridge is made from grain and water or milk.
housework (n) *	/'haʊs,wa:k/	Hausarbeit	His two wives share the housework .
include (v) ***	/'ɪn'klu:d/	einschliessen	Their weekly food includes 50kg of grain and 20kg of rice.
large (adj) ***	/'la:dʒ/	gross	Grain is the largest part of the family's food.
lifestyle (n) **	/'laɪf,staɪl/	Lebensstil	Rosemary has a very busy lifestyle .
lose weight	/'lu:z 'weɪt/	abnehmen	Which family is trying to lose weight ?
marriage (n) ***	/'mærɪdʒ/	Ehe	She has two sons from her first marriage .
milk (n) ***	/mɪlk/	Milch	Porridge is made from grain and water or milk .
porridge (n)	/'pɔ:ridge/	Haferbrei	Porridge is made from grain and water or milk.
prepare (v) ***	/prɪ'peə/	vorbereiten	The children help prepare the grain.
rice (n) **	/raɪs/	Reis	Kazuo has soup or fish with rice for breakfast.
share (v) ***	/ʃeə/	teilen	The two wives share the housework.
slowly (adv) ***	/'sləʊli/	langsam	Cook the vegetables slowly in water.
spend time	/,spend 'taɪm/	Zeit verbringen	The family spent time at the gym.
stew (n)	/'stju:/	Eintopf	Lunch is a vegetable stew .
university (n) ***	/'ju:nɪ've:s:tɪ/	Universität	I am going to university to study History.
weekly (adj) **	/'wi:kli/	wöchentlich	Their weekly food includes 50kg of grain.

UNIT 8 HOME FROM HOME**Lesson 1 - I'd like a cold drink (pages 102-103)**

accept (v) ***	/ə'ksept/	akzeptieren	Lisa accepts the invitation. They are going to meet at 7 o'clock.
apple (n) **	/'æp(ə)l/	Apfel	Katya is going to buy some apples .
apple juice (n) *	/'æp(ə)l dʒu:s/	Apfelsaft	There's some apple juice in the fridge.
chocolate cake (n)	/'tʃɒklət keɪk/	Schokoladenkuchen	Would you like some chocolate cake with your tea?
cooker (n) *	/'kʊkə/	Herd	Be careful! The cooker is hot.
cup (n) ***	/kʌp/	Becher	Do you want a cup of tea?
dishwasher (n)	/'dɪʃ,woʃə/	Geschirrspüler	You wash plates and cups in a dishwasher .
fork (n) *	/'fɔ:k/	Gabel	He can't use a knife and fork to eat. He's only two!
fridge (n) *	/'frɪdʒ/	Kühlschrank	There's some apple juice in the fridge .
fruit juice (n)	/'fru:t dʒu:s/	Fruchtsaft	Do you want a glass of fruit juice ?
fruit salad (n)	/'fru:t 'sæləd/	Fruchtsalat	The fruit salad has apples, bananas and oranges.
glass (n) ***	/gla:s/	Glas	Do you want a glass of fruit juice?
hamburger (n)	/'ha:m,bɜ:gə/	Hamburger	Let's make some hamburgers for the barbecue.
kebab (n)	/kr'bæb/	Kebab	I've made some vegetable kebabs .
knife (pl knives) (n) ***	/'na:f/	Messer	He can't use a knife and fork to eat. He's only two!
offer (v) ***	/'o:fə/	anbieten	Does Diana offer him a sandwich?
orange (n) **	/'ɔ:rɪndʒ/	Orange	Let's make orange juice from the oranges.
paper (adj)	/'peɪpə/	Papier	I'm going to buy some paper plates for the barbecue.
plastic (adj) ***	/'plæstɪk/	Plastik	I'm going to buy some plastic glasses for the barbecue.
plate (n) ***	/'plε:t/	Teller	I'm going to buy some paper plates for the food.
sandwich (n) **	/'sæn(d)wɪdʒ, 'sæn(d)wɪtʃ/	Sandwich	Would you like a sandwich for lunch?
sausage (n) *	/'sɔ:sɪdʒ/	Wurst	We have sausages and kebabs for the barbecue.
spoon (n) *	/'spu:n/	Löffel	Can I have a spoon to eat my fruit salad?
thirsty (adj) *	/'θɜ:sti/	durstig	A: I'm really thirsty . B: Would you like some water?
tomato salad (n)	/'tə,mɑ:təʊ 'sæləd/	Tomatensalat	Would you like some tomato salad with your hamburger?
vegetarian (adj)	/'vedʒə'teəriən/	vegetarisch	I'm vegetarian . I don't eat meat.
washing machine (n) *	/'wɔ:ʃɪŋ maʃɪ:n/	Waschmaschine	You use a washing machine to clean your clothes.

Lesson 2 - I haven't got a games console (pages 104-105)

allowance (n) **	/ə'lauəns/	Taschengeld	I get £30 a week allowance from my parents.
amount (n) ***	/ə'maunt/	Menge	I get the same amount of pocket money as my friends.
bank account (n) *	/'bænk ə'kaʊnt/	Bankkonto	I haven't got much money in my bank account .
camera phone (n)	/'kæmrə ,fəʊn/	Photohandy	I can take photos with my camera phone .
cost (v) ***	/'kɒst/	kosten	I've got an old mobile phone. It only cost £14!
go ice-skating	/'gəʊ' ə:s skeɪtin/	Eislaufen gehen	We go ice-skating and go to the cinema, things like that.
hobby (n) *	/'hɒbi/	Hobby	My father has a great hobby - flying.
loads (of) (n pl) **	/'laʊdz (əv)/	massenhaft	Some people have loads of money.
normally (adv) ***	/'nɔ:ml(ə)li/	normalerweise	I normally spend my allowance going out with friends.

Word	Pronunciation	German Translation	Example sentence
on average	/ˌɒn ˈævəridʒ/	im Durchschnitt	A survey shows that, on average , British teenagers cost their parents £9,000 a year.
pocket money (n) *	/ˈpɒkɪt ˈmʌni/	Taschengeld	I get the same amount of pocket money as my friends.
pound (£) (n) ***	/paʊnd/	Pfund	British teenagers cost their parents £9,000 a year.
recent (adj) ***	/ˈri:s(ə)nt/	kürzlich	A recent survey shows that British teenagers cost their parents £9,000 a year.
show (v) ***	/ʃəʊ/	zeigen	Show your work to the other groups.
skateboard (n)	/ˈskatebɔ:d/	Rollbrett	He has a new skateboard so he is going to the skate-park.
spend money (on)	/,spend ˈmʌni (ən)/	Geld ausgeben	A. What do you spend your money on? B Clothes and jewellery.
Lesson 3 - It's different, isn't it? (pages 106-107)			
all sorts (of)	/'ɔ:ls ,sɔ:ts (əv)/	alle Arten von	London is filled with people from all sorts of places.
anyone (pron) ***	/'enɪ,wan/	irgendjemand	In Africa, when you see anyone walking around you say hello.
beginning (n) ***	/bɪ'gɪnɪŋ/	Anfangs	At the beginning I didn't want to come to the UK.
connected (with) (adj) *	/kə'nekɪtɪd (wɪð,wɪθ)/	verbunden (mit)	I live in the UK but I'm still connected with my culture.
cooking (n) **	/'kʊkɪŋ/	Kochen	I learnt a lot about English cooking .
culture (n) ***	/'kʌltʃə/	Kultur	Azeri culture is a rich culture .
delicious (adj) *	/dɪ'lɪʃəs/	köstlich	Our food is delicious .
drop (v) ***	/drɒp/	fallen lassen	Who drops her glass at the party?
during (prep) ***	/dʒʊərɪŋ/	während	Describe something he did during the exchange visit.
excited (adj) **	/ɪk'saɪtɪd/	aufgeregt	At first Luis was excited about living in England.
filled (adj)	/fɪld/	gefüllt	London is filled with people from different places.
hang around	/,hæŋ ə'raʊnd/	rumhängen	In Peru, I was confident about hanging around in town.
little (adj) ***	/'lɪt(ə)l/	klein	England is a little country.
miss (v) ***	/mɪs/	vermissen	I miss the free life in Africa.
nationality (n) *	/,næʃə'næləti/	Nationalität	Anna enjoys living in a country where there are lots of different nationalities .
normal (adj) ***	/'nɔ:ml(ə)l/	normalerweise	England is a normal country. It isn't special.
paradise (n) *	/'pærədæs/	Paradies	I thought England was paradise .
rhythm (n) **	/'rɪðəm/	Rhythmus	Our music has got more rhythm than English music.
rich (adj) ***	/rɪtʃ/	reich	Azeri culture is a rich culture.
safe (adj) ***	/sef/	sicher	In Africa I feel safe . Nothing is going to happen to me.
Lesson 4 - Integrated Skills - Invitations and thanks (pages 108-109)			
arrival (n) ***	/ə'raɪv(ə)l/	Ankunft	Please email me Adam's arrival time.
arrive (v) ***	/ə'raɪv/	ankommen	Adam would love to come to lunch when he arrives .
bring (v) ***	/brɪŋ/	bringen	Bring some good music to the party.
buffet (n)	/'bu:feɪ/	Buffet	There's a buffet lunch at school on Monday.
celebrate (v) ***	/'selə,breɪt/	feiern	There is a barbecue to celebrate the end of the visit.
club (n) ***	/klb/	hier: Club/Klub (Disco)	There's a new DJ at the club .
hard work	/,ha:d 'wɜ:k/	harte Arbeit	The Head wants to thank the parents for all their hard work .
I'd love to.	/a:d 'lʌv tu:/	Ich würde gerne.	A Would you like to come? B Yes, please. I'd love to .
invitation (n) **	/,ɪnvɪ'teɪʃ(ə)n/	Einladung	Do you have an invitation to Katya's party?
invite (v) ***	/ɪn'veɪt/	einladen	Emily invites Lisa to the cinema.
journey (n) ***	/dʒɜ:nɪ/	Reise	We had an easy journey home.
kind (adj) *	/kaɪnd/	nett	Many thanks for your kind email.
Let me know.	/,let mi: 'nəʊ/	Lass es mich wissen	I hope you can come. Please let me know .
look forward to	/,lʊk 'fɔ:wəd tu:/	erwarten	We are looking forward to Adam's visit.
make an excuse	/,meɪk ən ɪk'skjus/	eine Ausnahme machen	Emily makes an excuse because she doesn't want to go.
Many thanks (for ...)	/,meni θæŋks (fɔ:)/	Vielen Dank (für...)	Many thanks for your kind email.
suggestion (n) ***	/sə'dʒestʃ(ə)n/	Vorschlag	My suggestion is to use a dictionary.
thank (v) ***	/θæŋk/	danken	The Head wants to thank the parents for all their hard work.
thank-you letter (n)	/'θæŋkjʊ: ,le:tə/	Dankesschreiben	This is a lovely thank-you letter from Katya.
Review Units 7-8 (pages 112-113)			
get on (well)	/'get ,ɒn (wel)/	(gut) auskommen	Which two people are getting on well?
player (n) ***	/'pleɪə/		Pele is a famous football player .