

Dr Jekyll and Mr Hyde by Robert Louis Stevenson**1**

1 He was a lawyer. 2 He was a tall, thin man. His face was pale and the colour of his hair was silver. He always wore a white shirt and a black suit. 3 Because he listened carefully, but said very little. And he was kind and intelligent. 4 To the East End of London. 5 (a) He kicked her and he walked away. (b) He shouted at the man, and he stopped him. He took hold of the man's arm and pulled him back. 6 He said that the man's face looked ordinary, but that there was something evil in it. When he looked at the man, he thought of a wild animal. 7 (a) He went through the door across the street. He went into a pleasant room and he took a cheque book from a drawer. (b) The name printed on the cheque and the man's signature were different. 8 He knew Henry Jekyll but he did not know Edward Hyde.

2

1 It said that when Jekyll died, all his possessions, money and property would go to Edward Hyde. And if he disappeared for more than three months, Edward Hyde would look after all his money and property. 2 He thought it was nonsense. 3 No. 4 He wanted to see if Edward Hyde came to the house. 5 He was small and his face was pale. His clothes were too large for him. He spoke in a low, rough voice. And he looked evil. 6 He said Mr Hyde often came to Dr Jekyll's house. He came in by the laboratory door. And he came to work in the laboratory when Dr Jekyll was out. But Poole said that he had never seen Mr Hyde. Mr Hyde spoke to him from inside the laboratory but he did not open the door.

3

1 Dr Lanyon, Mr Utterson and several other people. 2 He wanted to talk to Dr Jekyll about his will. 3 He was a large man, aged fifty, with a smooth and handsome face. 4 He promised to make sure that Edward Hyde received all Dr Jekyll's property. He would receive it if Dr Jekyll disappeared.

4

1 He said that there had been a murder. The dead man was carrying a letter addressed to Utterson. The inspector wanted Utterson to identify the body. 2 He met a small man in Cavendish Square at about eleven o'clock. He spoke to the man and showed him a paper he was carrying. The small man became angry and hit him with his walking stick. Sir Danvers Carew fell to the ground. The man hit him again. 3 He had come to Mr Parker's house once with a message from Dr Jekyll. 4 Because he had seen the walking stick before. He had given it to Dr Jekyll for his fiftieth birthday. 5 They found some burnt papers in the fireplace. And they found the other half of the walking stick. There was blood on it.

5

1 It had no windows. Light came from gas lamps in the ceiling. There were shelves around the walls with bottles of chemicals on them. There was a large wooden table in the middle of the room. 2 It was from Edward Hyde. Utterson said that the police in Dover must stop Hyde before he got on a ship. So perhaps Hyde's note said that he was going to Dover to get on a ship. 3 He asked Poole who delivered the message. Poole said there had been no message. 4 The handwriting was the same as the writing in the note from Edward Hyde.

6

1 No. 2 Dr Jekyll had a dinner party for all his friends. 3 Poole said that it was because he was working very hard. 4 He said that he did not have long to live. He said that he had had a terrible shock. And he said that he never wanted to see Jekyll again. 5 He asked him when he could visit him and talk to him. 6 He told Utterson that he had had a disagreement with Lanyon. He had shown Lanyon that his scientific work was successful. Lanyon had become angry and told him to leave his house. And Dr Jekyll asked Utterson not to try to visit him. 7 (a) An envelope marked: Read this after the death of Dr Henry Jekyll. (b) He put it into the safe in his office.

7

1 They saw him sitting at a window of his house. 2 He invited Dr Jekyll to go for a walk with them. Dr Jekyll said he would like to go with them, but he could not leave the house. 3 Dr Jekyll stopped smiling and put his hands to his face. He covered his eyes with his hands. He shut the window and turned away. 4 For a moment Utterson thought he saw a different face at the window. It was not the face of Dr Jekyll.

8

1 He said that Dr Jekyll had locked himself in his laboratory. He would not speak or open the door. 2 A chemical. He wanted the same chemical that he had bought the year before. 3 A small man with white bandages round his head. 4 Because the man in the laboratory had been shouting for Poole. His voice was not Dr Jekyll's voice. 5 The body of a small man. It was Edward Hyde. In his hand was a bottle. The label on the bottle said 'Poison'. 6 An envelope with his name on it. The handwriting was Dr Jekyll's.

9

1 (a) One was from Dr Jekyll. The other was from Dr Lanyon. (b) Dr Lanyon's. 2 Jekyll asked Lanyon to go to his house. He asked him to find a glass jar filled with white powder. It was in his laboratory, in a drawer marked 'E'. Jekyll asked Lanyon to take the jar home with him. He said a messenger would come for it at midnight. 3 A small man whose clothes were too big for him. *The student should recognize Hyde from this description. He might therefore name him in this answer.* 4 He put some of the powder and a little water into glass. He said, 'You would not believe me, Lanyon. Now, look,' And he drank the liquid. 5 The man gave a loud cry and he began to change. Slowly the man's face changed and his body became larger. He changed into Henry Jekyll.

10

1 He wanted to separate the two parts of the mind – the dark, evil part and the good, light part. 2 He changed into a different man. 3 Edward Hyde was Jekyll's evil part. He was the man Jekyll changed into when he drank the drug. 4 *Student's own answer. The student might suggest that Jekyll felt very unhappy and frightened.* 5 He took poison. He did this because he could not control Edward Hyde. He killed himself and he also killed Hyde. So Hyde could not do any more evil things.